# LABORERS' \& RETIREMENT BOARD EMPLOYEES' ANNUITY AND BENEFIT FUND OF CHICAGO 

## ACTUARIAL STATEMENT

## December 31, 1997

Prepared by
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Consulting Actuaries

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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Income ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Investment Before Expenses | \$ | 38,523,264 | 32.72\% | \$ | 117,752,240 | \$ | 156,275,504 |
| Employer and Miscellaneous |  | $(294,736)$ | (1.50)\% |  | 19,623,717 |  | 19,328,981 |
| Employee |  | 475,505 | 3.20\% |  | 14,856,703 |  | 15,332,208 |
| Total |  | 38,704,033 | 25.42\% |  | 152,232,660 |  | 190,936,693 |
| Outgo ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Refunds, Benefits, Expense | \$ | 4,624,880 | 8.18\% | \$ | 56,571,784 | \$ | 61,196,664 |
| Excess of Income Over Outgo |  | 34,079,153 | 35.62\% |  | 95,660,876 |  | 129,740,029 |
| Active Participants ${ }^{2}$ |  | 91 | 2.40\% |  | 3,785 |  | 3,876 |
| Inactive Participants |  | 23 | 1.35\% |  | 1,708 |  | 1,731 |
| Beneficiaries |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Employee |  | (80) | (3.15) \% |  | 2,537 |  | 2,457 |
| Spouse |  | (4) | (0.28)\% |  | 1,417 |  | 1,413 |
| Disabilities |  | (2) | (1.36)\% |  | 147 |  | 145 |
| Children |  | (1) | (1.35) \% |  | 74 |  | 73 |
| Actuarial Funding-Going Concern |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Liability to Date |  | 104,026,815 | 11.11\% | \$ | 936,623,719 | \$ | 1,040,650,534 |
| Assets-Amortized Cost |  | 129,740,029 | 12.07\% |  | 1,074,699,269 |  | 1,204;439,298 |
| Unfunded Liability |  | $(25,713,214)$ | 18.62\% |  | $(138,075,550)$ |  | $(163,788,764)$ |
| Funded Ratio |  | $1.00 \%$ | 0.87\% |  | 114.74\% |  | 115.74\% |
| Actuarial Requirement |  | $(1,857,687)$ | (17.86)\% |  | 10,402,274 |  | 8,544,587 |
| Deficiency (Excess) |  | $(2,766,414)$ | 11.99\% |  | $(23,066,354)$ |  | $(25,832,768)$ |
| Required Employer Multiple |  | 0.00 | 0.00\% |  | 0.00 |  | 0.00 |
| Termination |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Liability |  | 62,813,202 | 10.61\% | \$ | 592,051,378 | \$ | 654,864,580 |
| Cost (Excess) on Termination |  | $(66,926,826)$ | 13.87\% |  | $(482,647,891)$ |  | $(549,574,717)$ |
| Quick Ratio |  | 2.40\% | 1.32\% |  | 181.52\% |  | 183.92\% |
| Investment ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Invested Assets (Amortized Cost) | \$ | 98,418,450 | 9.93\% | \$ | 990,690,164 | \$ | 1,089,108,614 |
| Invested Assets (Market Value) |  | 160,361,334 | 14.22\% |  | 1,127,759,026 |  | 1,288,120,360 |
| Invested Assets (Actuarial Value) |  | 124,447,295 | 11.43\% |  | 1,088,307,820 |  | 1,212,755,115 |
| Miscellaneous |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Salary Roll | \$ | 8,899,104 | 5.48\% | \$ | 162,276,840 | \$ | 171,175,944 |
| Average Salary |  | 1,289 | 3.01\% |  | 42,874 |  | 44,163 |
| Present Value of Benefits | \$ | 78,882,110 | 6.79\% | \$ | 1,162,260,103 | \$ | 1,241,142,213 |

[^0]Book asset values are shown at amortized cost.

| MARKET VALUE SUMMARY |  | Amount <br> Increase | ercent <br> icrease |  | $1996$ |  | $1997$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Income ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Investment Before Expenses | \$ | 88,759,835 | 68.56\% | \$ | 129,458,553 | \$ | 218,218,387 |
| Employer and Miscellaneous |  | $(294,736)$ | (1.50)\% |  | 19,623,717 |  | 19,328,981 |
| Employee |  | 475,505 | 3.20\% |  | 14,856,703 |  | 15,332,208 |
| Total |  | 88,940,604 | 54.25\% |  | 163,938,973 |  | 252,879,576 |
| Outgo ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Refunds, Benefits, Expense | \$ | 4,624,880 | 8.18\% | \$ | 56,571,784 | \$ | 61,196,664 |
| Excess of Income Over Outgo |  | 84,315,724 | 78.53\% | \$ | 107,367,189 |  | 191,682,912 |
| Active Participants ${ }^{2}$ |  | 91 | 2.40\% |  | 3,785 |  | 3,876 |
| Inactive Participants |  | 23 | 1.35\% |  | 1,708 |  | 1,731 |
| Beneficiaries |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Employee |  | (80) | (3.15)\% |  | 2,537 |  | 2,457 |
| Spouse |  | (4) | (0.28)\% |  | 1,417 |  | 1,413 |
| Disabilities |  | (2) | (1.36)\% |  | 147 |  | 145 |
| Children |  | (1) | (1.35)\% |  | 74 |  | 73 |
| Actuarial Funding-Going Concern |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Liability to Date |  | 104,026,815 | 11.11\% | \$ | 936,623,719 | \$ | 1,040,650,534 |
| Assets-Market Value |  | 191,682,912 | 15.82\% |  | 1,211,768,131 |  | 1,403,451,043 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| Unfunded Liability |  | $(87,656,097)$ | 31.86\% |  | $(275,144,412)$ |  | $(362,800,509)$. |
| Funded Ratio |  | 5.48\% | 4.24\% |  | 129.38\% |  | 134.86\% |
| Actuarial Requirement |  | 0 | 0.00\% |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| Deficiency (Excess) |  | $(7,764,862)$ | 22.75\% |  | $(34,127,055)$ |  | $(41,891,917)$ |
| Required Employer Multiple |  | 0.00 | 0.00\% |  | 0.00 |  | 0.00 |
| Termination |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Liability |  | 62,813,202 | 10.61\% | \$ | 592,051,378 | \$ | 654,864,580 |
| Cost (Excess) on Termination |  | 128,869,710) | 20.79\% |  | $(619,716,753)$ |  | $(748,586,463)$ |
| Quick Ratio |  | 9.64\% | 4.71\% |  | 204.67\% |  | $214.31 \%$ |
| Investment ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Invested Assets (Amortized Cost) |  | 98,418,450 | 9.93\% | \$ | 990,690,164 | \$ | 1,089,108,614 |
| Invested Assets (Market Value) |  | 160,361,334 | 14.22\% |  | 1,127,759,026 |  | 1,288,120,360 |
| Invested Assets (Actuarial Value) |  | 124,447,295 | 11.43\% |  | 1,088,307,820 |  | 1,212,755,115 |
| Miscellaneous |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Salary Roll | \$ | 8,899,104 | 5.48\% | \$ | 162,276,840 | \$ | 171,175,944 |
| Average Salary |  | 1,289 | 3.01\% |  | 42,874 |  | 44,163 |
| Present Value of Benefits | \$ | 78,882,110 | 6.79\% | \$ | 1,162,260,103 | \$ | 1,241,142,213 |

[^1]Market asset values are shown at "pure market" value.

| ACTUARIAL ASSET <br> VALUE SUMMARY | Amount Increase |  | Percent Increase | $1996$ |  | $1997$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Income ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Investment Before Expenses | \$ | 51,157,300 | 39.01\% | \$ | 131,147,049 | \$ | 182,304,349 |
| Employer and Miscellaneous |  | $(294,736)$ | (1.50)\% |  | 19,623,717 |  | 19,328,981 |
| Employee |  | 475,505 | 3.20\% |  | 14,856,703 |  | 15,332,208 |
| Total |  | 51,338,069 | 31.00\% |  | 165,627,469 |  | 216,965,538 |
| Outgo ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Refunds, Benefits, Expense |  | 4,624,880 | 8.18\% | \$ | 56,571,784 | \$ | 61,196,664 |
| Excess of Income Over Outgo |  | 46,713,189 | 42.83\% |  | 109,055,685 |  | 155,768,874 |
| Active Participants ${ }^{2}$ |  | 91 | 2.40\% |  | 3,785 |  | 3,876 |
| Inactive Participants |  | 23 | 1.35\% |  | 1,708 |  | 1,731 |
| Beneficiaries |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Employee |  | (80) | (3.15)\% |  | 2,537 |  | 2,457 |
| Spouse |  | (4) | (0.28)\% |  | 1,417 |  | 1,413 |
| Disabilities |  | (2) | (1.36)\% |  | 147 |  | 145 |
| Children |  | (1) | (1.35)\% |  | 74 |  | 73 |
| Actuarial Funding-Going Concern |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Liability to Date |  | 104,026,815 | 11.11\% | \$ | 936,623,719 |  | 1,040,650,534 |
| Assets-Actuarial Value |  | 155,768,874 | 13.29\% |  | 1,172,316,925 |  | 1,328,085,799 |
| Unfunded Liability |  | $(51,742,059)$ | 21.95\% |  | $(235,693,206)$ |  | $(287,435,265)$ |
| Funded Ratio |  | 2.46\% | 1.97\% |  | 125.16\% |  | 127.62\% |
| Actuarial Requirement |  | $(2,525,068)$ | (100.00)\% |  | 2,525,068 |  | 0 |
| Deficiency (Excess) |  | $(3,433,795)$ | 11.10\% |  | $(30,943,560)$ |  | $(34,377,355)$ |
| Required Employer Multiple |  | 0.00 | 0.00\% |  | 0 |  | 0.00 |
| Termination |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Liability |  | 62,813,202 | 10.61\% | \$ | 592,051,378 |  | 654,864,580 |
| Cost (Excess) on Termination |  | $(92,955,671)$ | 16.02\% |  | $(580,265,547)$ |  | $(673,221,218)$ |
| Quick Ratio |  | 4.79\% | 2.42\% |  | 198.01\% |  | 202.80\% |
| Investment ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Invested Assets (Amortized Cost) |  | 98,418,450 | 9.93\% | \$ | 990,690,164 |  | 1,089,108,614 |
| Invested Assets (Market Value) |  | 160,361,334 | 14.22\% |  | 1,127,759,026 |  | 1,288,120,360 |
| Invested Assets (Actuarial Value) |  | 124,447,295 | 11.43\% |  | 1,088,307,820 |  | 1,212,755,115 |
| Miscellaneous |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Salary Roll | \$ | 8,899,104 | 5.48\% | \$ | 162,276,840 | \$ | 171,175,944 |
| Average Salary |  | 1,289 | 3.01\% |  | 42,874 |  | 44,163 |
| Present Value of Benefits | \$ | 78,882,110 | 6.79\% | \$ | 1,162,260,103 | \$ | 1,241,142,213 |

[^2]Actuarial asset values are calculated using a five year smoothed average between book and market asset values.

June 6, 1998

The Retirement Board of the
Laborers' \& Retirement Board Employees'
Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago
Chicago, Illinois
Dear Members of the Board:
This is to certify that the annual statement as of December 31, 1997, of the Laborers' \& Retirement Board Employees' Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago is, to the best of our knowledge and belief, a true and correct statement of the affairs and conditions of said Fund for the calendar year 1997. This statement has been prepared from the unaudited books of the Fund as substantiated by our letters of recommendation to the Retirement Board.

## GASB

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 25, Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans, is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 1996. The purpose of the Statement is to make the pension information more understandable and more useful. In the past, the measures of a plan's funded status and the employer's required contributions have been reported consistent with GASB Statement 5 . This statement is measuring the plan's funded status in accordance with the plan's funding policy under the GASB Statement No. 25 rules as well as under the traditional book and market valuation methods.

The Actuarial Asset Value, a smoothed market related value of assets technique, is calculated by taking the asset cost times the average ratio of the market value to cost for the invested assets for the current year and the prior four years.

A level dollar amortization of the actuarial unfunded liability with an open amortization period of 40 years is the method used for computing the amortization requirements.

The accounting procedure is outlined in Article 11 of the Illinois Pension Code.
The method of financing the system and the actuarial assumptions and methods used in the valuation are shown in a separate exhibit. The attempt is made to give effect to realistic valuation factors which affect costs. This statement has been prepared in accordance with generally accepted actuarial principles and practice.

The costs for each of the alternative methods of funding the unfunded accrued liability, as required by the Illinois Pension Code Section 5/1A-102, are shown in this report. These include:

1. interest only on the unfunded liability;
2. the level annual amount required to amortize the unfunded accrued liability over a period not exceeding 40 years; and
3. the amount required for the current year to amortize the unfumded accrued liability over a period not exceeding 40 years as a level percentage of payroll.

The actuarial present value of "Credited Projected Benefits" required by the old GASB No. 5 (used for reporting to the Illinois Department of Insurance, but not funding) has been moved to its own exhibit. The "Entry Age Normal" method has been retained for funding. This report contains no liability for the 1998 experience during the open ERI window. The liability will be included next year. This year contains a change in actuarial assumptions and a change in benefits. We have restated last year's numbers using the same methods (but not assumptions) for comparability.

This report contains results with assets valued at Book, Market, and Actuarial values. It is intended to meet the Insurauce Department requirements, the statutory reporting requirements, and the GASB No. 25 reporting requirements.

## LABORERS'





Graph A, the graph of actuarial assets and actuarial accrued liabilities, illustrates the fund's position with respect to asset growth and liability growth for the various ways of measuring the liabilities. Please note that the difference between the assets and the actuarial accrued liability is what one calls the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. This fund has no unfunded liability.

Graph B, the graph of funded ratios, displays the ratio of actuarial assets to actuarial accrued liabilities for the various measures of liability.


Graph C, the graph of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, displays the liabilities for the different measures of liability with actuarial assets.

Graph D illustrates the income of the Fund--investment income, plus employer contributions, plus employee contributions--and the current payouts of the Fund benefits, refunds, and expenses. The excess or net of income over payouts goes to build reserves for future benefit payments.

## Actuarial Assumptions

Actuarial assumptions required by GASB No. 25 must take into consideration anticipated future experience as well as past experience. As a guide to our thinking, we consulted two recent studies in an attempt to learn what interest and salary scale assumptions are being used to anticipate the future in other public and private pension fund valuations.

Greenwich Reports' 1998 survey shows that the mean actuarial interest rate assumption for public funds (based on 329 public funds) was $8.1 \%$ for $1995,8.2 \%$ for 1996 , and $8.2 \%$ for 1997 . The corresponding salary increase assumption for public funds was $5.4 \%$ for $1995,5.3 \%$ for 1996 and $5.1 \%$ for 1997. For 1997, the average monthly benefit paid to all public retirees was $\$ 1,066$.

Another report was consulted, the 1998 Yearbook of Stocks, Bonds, Bills and Inflation published by Ibbotson Associates, Chicago, Illinois. We find the following results based on historical data for the past 72 years for the period 1926 through 1997.

| Stocks, Bonds, or Bills | $\approx$ | Total Annual Return | Inflation | Net |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Common Stocks |  | 11.0\% | 3.1\% | 7.9\% |
| Small Stocks |  | 12.7 | 3.1 | 9.6 |
| Long-Term Corporate B |  | 5.7 | 3.1 | 2.6 |
| Long-Term Government |  | 5.2 | 3.1 | 2.1 |
| Intermediate Term Gove |  | 5.3 | 3.1 | 2.2 |
| U.S. Treasury Bills |  | 3.8 | 3.1 | 0.7 |
| Inflation for the past: | 10 years | 1988-1997 | 3.4\% |  |
|  | 1990's | 1990-1997 | 3.1 |  |
|  | 1980's | 1980-1989 | 5.1 |  |
|  | 1970's | 1970-1979 | 7.4 |  |
|  | 1960's | 1960-1969 | 2.5 |  |
|  | 1950's | 1950-1959 | 2.2 |  |
|  | 1940's | 1940-1949 | 5.4 |  |
|  | 1930's | 1930-1939 | (2.0) |  |
|  | 1920's | 1926-1929 | (1.1) |  |

Based on a portfolio made up of $40 \%$ in long-term corporate bonds and $60 \%$ in common stocks, the annual return for the 72 -year period would be approximately $8.9 \%$ with a net return after inflation of $5.8 \%$.

Based on these studies, it is our opinion that, for this Fund, an $8 \%$ future interest assumption would be a reasonable rate for valuation purposes and a $5 \%$ per year salary scale would also be reasonable. These assume an underlying $3 \%$ inflation. These assumptions take into consideration generally expected future investment earnings and the generally accepted views on future salary increases for our national economy. They could be characterized as being middle of the road.

The liabilities and costs in this report are based in part on an $8 \%$ per year interest assumption (net of investment expense) and a $5 \%$ per year salary scale assumption. We have revised the mortality assumption to the Group Annuity Mortality Table ( 1983 GAM) set forward two years to more accurately reflect anticipated mortality. We also revised our estimated employee contributions to include anticipated salary increases. All other assumptions are the same as those used for the last report. We have included market yield figures (net of investment expense) and actuarial asset yields in a separate exhibit.

In our opinion, each of these actuarial assumptions is reasonable, taking into account fund experience and future expectations, and represents the best estimate of anticipated experience.



| Laborers' Expectation of life (Years) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Old Morialiy mable |  | Ney. Mortality lable |  |
|  | Male | Female | Male | Temate |
| 30 | 44.32 | 49.07 | 46.16 | 52.33 |
| 65 | 14.68 | 18.14 | 15.22 | 19.59 |
| 80 | 6.78 | 8.99 | 6.80 | 9.09 |

## Actuarial Asset Value, now required for GASB disclosure

Actuarial Asset Values are computed as a five year smoothed average ratio of market over book value of invested assets (excluding cash and cash equivalents) are based on unaudited figures.

See schedule elsewhere in the report for the methodology used.

| Date | Total Assets at Book Value |  |  | Total Assets at Mank Value |  |  | tuanial Asset Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12/31/96 | \$ | S | 1,074,699,269 | \$ | 1,211,768,131 | \$ | 1,172,316,925 |
| 12/31/97 | \$ | \$ | 1,204,439,298 | \$ | 1,403,451,043 | \$ | 1,328,085,799 |

## Actuarial Obligations of the Fund

The value of all future pension payments, calculated using the actuarial assumptions contained in this report, is the sum of payments to two major groups of beneficiaries.

## 1. Retired Lives

For those currently receiving known benefits, i.e., current retirees, widows, widowers, and children, the value is determined based on estimated future longevity with the future benefit payments discounted to the present time at the assumed investment earnings rate.

| Group | Number | Present Value of <br> Future Benefits |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Employee Annuity | 2,457 | $\$$ | $281,791,053$ |
| Annuity Increase | 2,364 | $46,772,924$ |  |
| Future Widow/er Benefit | 1,675 | $46,770,956$ |  |
| Lump Sum Death Benefit | 0 | 0 |  |
| Health Insurance Supplement | 2,403 | $10,787,831$ |  |
| Widow/er Annuity | 1,413 | $69,734,050$ |  |
| Total Retired Reserve |  | $\$$ | $455,856,814$ |

[^3]
## 2. Active Lives

The value of future payments for active employees who will receive benefits in the future is estimated, since the amount of pension is only known at the actual time of retirement. This estimate is made using various actuarial assumptions as to future salary increases; probable retirement age; and chance of death, withdrawal, or disablement before retirement. For active employees, the goal is to have enough assets on hand at retirement to pay for all future benefits promised. To provide for an orderly accumulation of these required assets, an actuarial funding method is used. Using the "Entry Age Normal" funding method, assets are allocated as a level amount (expressed as a percentage of salary) over the employee's working lifetime. These allocated costs are called "normal costs" and are sufficient, if set aside each year, for a newly hired employee to accumulate the amount required to fully fund his or her benefits when and if he or she retires. For an employee who has completed half of his or her working lifetime, roughly half of the required retirement assets should have been accumulated. The actuarial reserve (amount of assets needed now) is then the present value of future benefits less the value of future normal costs to be paid.

| Benefit |  | Present Value of Benefits |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Employee Annuity | \$ | 512,973,385 |  |  |
| Annuity Increase |  | 101,193,545 |  |  |
| Future Widow/Widower Benefit |  | 56,358,861 |  |  |
| Lump Sum Death Benefit |  | 0 |  |  |
| Health Insurance Supplement |  | 10,425,436 |  |  |
| Widow/Widower of Employees, Dying in Service |  | 16,512,435 |  |  |
| Widow/Widower of Employees, Duty Death |  | 0 |  |  |
| Miscellaneous: Refunds, Children, etc. |  | 87,821,737 |  |  |
| Total Active | \$ | 785,285,399 |  |  |
| Total Active and Retired Present Value of Benefits | \$ | 1,241,142,213 |  |  |
| Less Present Value of Future Normal Costs |  |  | \$ | 200,491,679 |
| Net Active Reserve |  |  |  | 584,793,720 |
| Net Active Reserve and Retired |  |  |  | 1,040,650,534 |
| Less Present Actuarial Asset Values |  |  |  | 1,328,085,799 |
| Surplus |  |  |  | $(287,435,265)$ |

The difference between the sum of the actuarial reserve for active and retired lives (sometimes called the "Actuarial Accrued Liability") and the present assets is called the "Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability." If assets exceed liability, there is a surplus. The unfunded liability depends upon the benefits, the characteristics of the covered group of employees and retirees, the actuarial assumptions, and the actuarial funding method. The unfunded liability can be thought of as the amount of assets that will be needed in future years to provide for all future benefits payable when added to the future normal costs determined by the actuarial funding method.

## Actuarial Balance

For the pension fund to be in actuarial balance, the present value of all benefits payable in the future must equal the sum of present assets plus present value of all future contributions.

Future contributions from the employee and employer must provide for the payment of normal costs and for amortization of the unfunded liability on some reasonable basis.

| Future Contributions |  | Present Value | \% of Total |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | :---: |
| Present Actuarial Assets | $\$$ | $1,328,085,799$ | $107.01 \%$ |
| Future Employee Contributions |  | $143,178,749$ | $11.54 \%$ |
| Future Employer Contributions |  | $188,308,691$ | $15.17 \%$ |
| Deficiency (Excess) |  | $(418,431,026)$ | $(33.72) \%$ |
| Total | $\$$ | $1,241,142,213$ | $100.00 \%$ |


| Present Value of |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Benefits |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Retired Lives |  |  |  | \$ | 455,856,814 | 37\% |
| Active Lives |  |  |  |  | 785,285,399 | 63\% |
| Present Actuarial Assets | \$ | 1,328,085,799 | 107\% |  |  |  |
| Normal Costs |  | 200,491,679 | 16\% |  |  |  |
| Unfunded Liability (Surplus) |  | $(287,435,265)$ | (23\%) |  |  |  |
| Total | \$ | 1,241,142,213 | 100\% | \$ | 1,241,142,213 | 100\% |

Graph E (below) illustrates:

1. Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits
2. Actuarial Assets
3. Actuarial Cost Method


Actuarial Cost Method

## Three Methods of Financing the Unfunded Liability

## 1. Normal Cost Plus Interest Method

This is the method of valuation that was used in previous reports. It is intended to continue the current provisions of the Article governing the fund in full force and effect on a permanent basis, and in the amount required each year to keep the unfunded liability from increasing if all assumptions are realized.

The normal cost plus interest only method of funding is that recommended by the former Illinois Public Employees' Pension Laws Commission. It was also the minimum required for private pension plans for IRS qualification before ERISA.

## 2. Normal Cost Plus 40 Year Amortization Method, used to compute the GASB No. 25 Annual Required Contribution

GASB No. 25 now requires an amortization of the unfunded liability as does ERISA's minimum funding standards which require the initial unfunded liability existing on January 1, 1976 be amortized over a 40 year period. We have calculated the cost of amortizing the existing unfunded liability.

Both of these cost methods, the normal cost plus interest method and the normal cost plus 40 year amortization method, express the past service costs as a level annual dollar amount. Consequently, as the total payroll increases in the future, the level annual amount becomes a decreasing percent of the total payroll.

Under both methods, level dollar amounts represent a greater percent of payroll initially and a decreasing percent of payroll as future payrolls increase.

## 3. Level Annual Percent of Payroll Method

An alternative method for funding that is receiving increased attention for public employee pension plans is a method that sets the funding standard cost objective as a level annual percent of payroll rather than as a level annual amount. This method will result in increasingly greater dollar amounts each year as payrolls increase.

This constant percent of payroll method is not an acceptable method under ERISA, but is permitted under GASB No. 25. It may be more acceptable in the future in view of the presumably permanent nature of public retirement systems with a constant flow of new entrants and the desire to place a relatively constant tax burden (as percentage of salary) on future generations of taxpayers. Please note that if this amount is recomputed each year with the same "open" amortization period, the unfunded liability will never be amortized.


For the Retirement Board's guidance, we have estimated the financial effects of different amortization methods. The costs under these funding methods are contingent upon all actuarial assumptions being met and continued active membership at the same level. These three methods meet the requirements set forth in Illinois Compiled Statutes, Chapter 40, Section 5/1A-102. The results are given in the following table:

${ }^{1}$ Assuming all valuation assumptions are realized and no future benefit liberalization.

The preceding comparative table shows than no employer contribution is needed under any of the three methods.

In determining funding policy it is essential to provide a margin of safety for unfavorable operating experience such as salaries over anticipated salaries, decreasing age of retirement, increasing longevity, and declining fund membership.

## Actuarially Required Contribution and Employer Required Contribution

Based on the normal cost plus 40 year level dollar open period method of funding of the unfunded liability determined using actuarial assets, we find that the City tax levy for 1998 should not be necessary. This amount is based on an annual payroll (as of December 31, 1997) of $\$ 171,175,944$ and an active membership of 3,876 persons. The detail is shown in the table that follows. The 1996 results have been restated for consistency using the same GASB method. The estimated employee contributions assume salary increases.

8. Tax Levy Required 0
9. Required Multiple * 0.00 0.00
10. Present Authorized $1.37 \quad 1.37$

* No employer contribution is necessary.

The "Illinois Public Employees Pension Laws Commission Impact Statement," appended to this report, illustrates both the present financial position and the direction of the financial condition.

## * Actuarially Required Contribution and Employer Required Contribution, This Fund is Unique as it is Fully Funded, no Employer Contribution is required.

The actuarial cost method used in this valuation and previous valuations is the entry age normal cost method, which provides the annual cost consisting of:

1. normal cost for current service (including expenses); and
2. an amount to amortize the unfunded accrued liability.

GASB now requires the negative unfunded liability (the surplus) to be amortized and credited against the normal cost. Therefore, under GASB No. 25 , no employer contribution for the year would be required as shown above.

Article 5/11-178 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes also provides conditions under which no City contributions are required to be made to the fund.

Article 5/11-178 states in part:
" All such contributions shall be credited to the prior service annuity reserve. When the balance of this reserve equals its liabilities (including in addition to all other liabilities, the present value of all annuities, present or prospective, according to the applicable mortality tables and rates of interest), the City shall cease to contribute the sum stated in this section."

The present value of annuities as of December 31, 1997, based on the Combined Annuity Mortality Table at an interest rate of $3 \%$ (defined in the statute for money purchase annuities), is $\$ 2,347,784,237$ vs. an actuarial asset value of $\$ 1,328,085,799$. Since the assets do not exceed the present value of annuities, then contributions should not cease. If the valuation assumptions are used to project a more realistic liability of $\$ 1,241,142,213$, contributions could cease.

A plan that has characteristics of both a defined benefit pension plan and a defined contribution plan requires careful analysis. If the substance of the plan is to provide a defined benefit in some form, the provisions of this Statement for defined benefit pension plans apply, according to GASB.

The chart illustrates the history of the annual actuarial cost (composed of current service cost, or normal costs, and past service cost), on the three different funding methods, to be paid for by the employee and the employer. The contributions are greater than the actuarial costs.


|  | Last | This | ast Year |  | This Year |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Detail of Normal Cost | Year\% | Year \% |  | tive | Slactive |  |
| - | of Salary | of Salary | Member |  | Member |  |
| Retirement Anmuity | 6.72\% | 6.34\% | \$ | 2,881 | \$ | 2,798 |
| Post-retirement Annuity Increase | 1.41\% | 1.27\% |  | 607 |  | 559 |
| Post-retirement Spouse Annuity | 0.66\% | 0.70\% |  | 281 |  | 307 |
| Spouse Anmuity for Death in Service | 0.51\% | 0.38\% |  | 220 |  | 168 |
| Health Insurance | 0.13\% | 0.11\% |  | 52 |  | 50 |
| Child's Annuity | 0.07\% | 0.10\% |  | 32 |  | 42 |
| Ordinary Disability | 0.53\% | 0.59\% |  | 227 |  | 260 |
| Disability | 0.62\% | 0.39\% |  | 266 |  | 173 |
| Refunds | 1.64\% | 1.85\% |  | 703 |  | 818 |
| Expense of Administration | 0.80\% | 0.82\% |  | 343 |  | 364 |
| Reciprocal Benefits | 0.19\% | 0.17\% |  | 80 |  | 77 |
| Total | 13.28\% | 12.72\% | \$ | 5,692 | \$ | 5,616 |

[^4]
## Change in the Unfunded Liability

The total unfunded liability (GASB valued actuarial assets), as of December 31, 1997, is $\$(287,435,265)$. As of December 31, 1996, the total unfumded liability (book valued assets) was $\$(138,075,550)$.

Detail of Change in Unfunded Liability


See the historical tabulation in the back of this report.

## Change in the Unfunded Liability



## Funded Ratio

The ratio of assets to accrued liabilities (GASB valued actuarial assets) is $127.62 \%$ as of December 31, 1997, and (book valued assets) was $114.74 \%$ as of December 31, 1996. This ratio represents the extent to which present and future benefit promises are secured by present assets.

## Ratio of Active Employees to Annuitants and Beneficiaries

The ratio of active employees to annuitants and beneficiaries is 0.95 as of December 31, 1997, and was 0.91 as of December 31, 1996. This ratio illustrates the relationship between the contributors and the beneficiaries.

## Termination Liability

A measure of plan funding is a comparison of the assets to liabilities for present annuitants and the amount of refundable contributions for active and inactive employees. This amount would be a minimum measure of the cost to terminate the plan as of the valuation date. Beginning in 1994 the ordinary and duty disability benefits are valued as lifetime benefits and are included with the retired liability. Their salary deductions have not been included with the active members

| Terminationilability |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Liability for Retired Annuitants, Widows/Widowers, and | \$ | 405,010,948 | \$ | 455,856,814 |
| Spouses of Annuitants |  |  |  |  |
| Salary Deductions Contributed by Active Fund Members (with Interest) |  | 187,040,430 | 199,007,766 |  |
| Total | 592,051,378 |  |  | 654,864,580 |
| Actuarial Asset Value | 1,172,316,925 |  | 1,328,085,799 |  |
| Excess Upon Termination | \$ | 580,265,547 | \$ | 673,221,219 |
| Quick Ratio |  | 198.01\% |  | 202.80\% |

## GASB Disclosure

GASB No. 25 requires the financial statements to include a "Statement of Net Assets" and a "Statement of Changes In Plan Assets".

GASB No. 25 requires supplementary information to include a "Schedule of Funding Progress" and a "Schedule of Employer Contributions" containing the pension disclosure information.

Schedule of Funding Progress Restated to Actuarial Asset Values for GASB No. 25

| Year | Actuarial Assets, Actuarial <br> Accrued  <br> (GASB)  |  |  |  | Amnual Covered Payroll | Unfunded (Surplus) as a $\%$ of Covered Payroll |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1996 | \$1,172,316,925 | \$ 936,623,719 | 125.16\% | \$(235,693,206) | \$162,276,840 | (145.24\%) |
| 1997 a,b | \$1,328,085,799 | \$1,040,650,534 | 127.62\% | \$(287,435,265) | \$171,175,944 | (167.92\%) |

${ }^{\mathrm{a}}$ Change in actuarial assumptions. ${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Change in benefits.

## Employer Required Contributions

| Year | Employer Required Contribution, <br> Normal Cost Plus 40 <br> Year Level Dollar <br> Amortization (ARC) |  |  | Required Statutory Basis ${ }^{1}$ |  | Actual ${ }^{2}$ | Percent Contrib |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1996 | \$ | 0 | \$ | 19,242,432 | \$ | 19,623,717 | N/A |
| 1997 | \$ | 0 | \$ | 18,863,712 | \$ | 19,328,981 | N/A |

${ }^{1}$ Tax levy after $4 \%$ overall loss. 2 Net tax levy plus miscellaneous.

Please refer to the GASB section in Exhibit V of this report.

## The Future

A continuous review of the Fund's operating experience is needed, just as it has been needed in the past. The rates of salary increases, rates of retirement and investment earnings are of critical. importance in cost estimates. Costs will need to be adjusted as these factors vary.

For example, for every $\$ 1$ increase in salary over the $5 \%$ increases assumed in the salary scale, the unfunded liability will be increased by about $\$ 3.42$. This will be in addition to the additional current annual service cost for every dollar in salary over the $5 \%$ salary scale assumed.

These additional costs will be reduced to some extent by the annual amount of investment income earned over the assumed $8.0 \%$ used for valuation purposes. The extent of the reduction will depend on the relative amounts of these two items.

The disadvantage of funding methods that use the level percent of payroll funding of past service is that the unfunded liability will continually increase if salaries continue at the predicted rates and if the amortization period is reestablished each year. Subject to projections of contributions and disbursements for potential cash flow problems, the level percent of payroll method would appear to provide a long-range level funding method on a minimum funding basis.

Respectfully submitted,


Donald P. Campbell, F.S.A., M.C.A., M.A.A.A. Enrolled Actuary No. 96-1498

# Laborers' \& Retirement Board Employees' <br> Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago 

Actuarial Balance Sheet as of

December 31, 1997

## Assets and Liabilities

## ASSETS

Actuarial Balance Sheet as of December 31, 1997

|  | Book |  | Market |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Invested Cash | \$ | 90,099,296.48 | \$ | 90,099,296.48 |
| Investments |  |  |  |  |
| Bonds - Par Value |  | 608,169,082.39 |  | 627,518,761.50 |
| Bonds - Premium/Discount |  | 8,039,155.35 |  | 0.00 |
| Common and Preferred Stocks |  | 442,745,388.86 |  | 625,035,037.75 |
| Venture Capital |  | 11,226,500.00 |  | 14,240,380.00 |
| Real Estate |  | 20,617,520.85 |  | 21,326,181.00 |
| Reserve for Trust Account Loss |  | $(1,689,033.00)$ |  | 0.00 |
| Total Investments |  | 1,089,108,614.45 |  | 1,288,120,360.25 |
| Invested Securities Lending Collateral |  | 355,277,379.00 |  | 355,277,379.00 |
| Interest Receivable |  |  |  |  |
| Accrued Interest |  | 7,784,655.28 |  | 7,784,655.28 |
| Accrued Dividends |  | 770,538.54 |  | 770,538.54 |
| Total İnterest Receivable |  | 8,555,193.82 |  | 8,555,193.82 |
| Taxes Receivable (See Exhibit D) |  |  |  |  |
| Tax Extension |  | 18,269,718.29 |  | 18,269,718.29 |
| Replacement Tax from State |  | 2,750,000.00 |  | 2,750,000.00 |
| Less Estimate for Loss on Collection |  | 2,097,743.75 |  | 2,097,743.75 |
| Net Taxes Receivable |  | 18,921,974.54 |  | 18,921,974.54 |
| Other Accounts Receivable |  |  |  |  |
| Salary Deductions Accrued |  | 1,110,586.46 |  | 1,110,586.46 |
| Active Employee Accounts |  | 265,702.45 |  | 265,702.45 |
| Inactive Employee Accounts |  | 79,135.45 |  | 79,135.45 |
| Miscellaneous Account Receivable |  | 384.09 |  | 384.09 |
| Total Accounts Receivable |  | 1,455,808.45 |  | 1,455,808.45 |
| Other Assets |  |  |  |  |
| Furniture and Equipment |  | 180,952.72 |  | 180,952.72 |
| Accumulated Depreciation |  | $(138,132.93)$ |  | $(138,132.93)$ |
| Prepaid Insurance |  | 571.25 |  | 571.25 |
| Total Other Assets |  | 43,391.04 |  | 43,391.04 |
| Gross Ledger Assets |  | 1,563,461,657.78 |  | 1,762,473,403.58 |
| Less Accounts Payable |  |  |  |  |
| Investment Manager Fees Payable |  | 454,031.53 |  | 454,031.53 |
| Miscellaneous Employee Accounts |  | 1,335,298.22 |  | 1,335,298.22 |
| Professional Fees Payable |  | 42,156.15 |  | 42,156.15 |
| Due to Broker |  | 1,913,495.27 |  | 1,913,495.27 |
| Securities Lending Liability |  | 355,277,379.00 |  | 355,277,379.00 |
| Total Accounts Payable |  | 359,022,360.17 |  | 359,022,360.17 |
| Net Ledger Assets |  | 1,204,439,297.61 |  | 1,403,451,043.41 |


| LIABILITIES AND EUND Actuarial Balance Sheet as of | AL ANCES ember 31, 1997 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Book | Market |
| Annuity Payment Fund Account (Based on 3\% Comb. and 4\% Amer. Exp.) |  |  |
| Employee Annuitants | \$ 106,072,207.80 | \$ 106,072,207.80 |
| Spouse Annuitants | 39,466,918.08 | 39,466,918.08 |
| Spouses' Annuities Fixed | 34,192,360.19 | 34,192,360.19 |
| Total Annuity Payment Fund | 179,731,486.07 | 179,731,486.07 |
| Salary Deduction Fund Account |  |  |
| Employees | 154,173,308.49 | 154,173,308.49 |
| Spouses of Employees | 35,432,663.87 | 35,432,663.87 |
| Total Salary Deduction Fund | 189,605,972.36 | 189,605,972.36 |
| City Contribution Fund Account |  |  |
| Employees | 142,628,281.24 | 142,628,281.24 |
| Spouses of Employees | 47,364,370.24 | 47,364,370.24 |
| Total City Contribution Fund | 189,992,651.48 | 189,992,651.48 |
| Other Reserves |  |  |
| Supplementary Payment Reserve | 78,782.47 | 78,782.47 |
| Annuity Payment Fund Account | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Total Other Reserves | 78,782.47 | 78,782.47 |
| Prior Service Fund Account (Based on 3\% Comb. and 4\% Amer. Exp.) |  |  |
| Employee Annuitants | 278,184,225.84 | 278,184,225.84 |
| Spouse Annuitants | 36,737,946.84 | 36,737,946.84 |
| Spouses' Annuities Fixed | 28,540,629.73 | 28,540,629.73 |
| Salary Deductions 3\% Annuity | 16,114,064.33 | 16,114,064.33 |
| Estimated Excess Liability (Note 1) | 121,664,775.88 | 121,664,775.88 |
| Total Prior Service Fund Account | 481,241,642.62 | 481,241,642.62 |
| Total Liabilities | 1,040,650,535.00 | 1,040,650,535.00 |
| Obligations of Fund for Prior Service Liabilities ${ }^{1}$ | 163,788,762.61 | 362,800,508.41 |
| Total Net Liabilities and Fund Balances December 31, 1997 | \$ 1,204,439,297.61 | \$ 1,403,451,043.41 |

${ }^{1}$ The attached letter of transmittal describes how this liability was determined.

# Laborers' \& Retirement Board Employees' 

 Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago
## Income - Year 1997

Income and Expenditures

|  | $1997$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rook | Market |
| Salary Deductions Total Contributions by Employee |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Employee | \$ 10,799,296.93 | \$ 10,799,296.93 |
| Spouse | 2,492,143.02 | 2,492,143.02 |
| Automatic Increase | 830,420.95 | 830,420.95 |
| Temporary Service Payments | 297,623.19 | 297,623.19 |
| Military Service | 4,056.72 | 4,056.72 |
| Miscellaneous Accounts Receivable | 30,058.96 | 30,058.96 |
| Other Service Payments | 15,154.45 | 15,154.45 |
| Ordinary Disability Deductions in Lieu | 208,565.18 | 208,565.18 |
| Total | 14,677,319.40 | 14,677,319.40 |
| Laborers' Service Payments | 194,474.64 | 194,474.64 |
| Total Contributed by Employee | 14,871,794.04 | 14,871,794.04 |
| Total Contributed by City for: |  |  |
| Duty Disability Deductions in Lieu | 460,413.56 | 460,413.56 |
| Total Salary Deductions | 15,332,207.60 | 15,332,207.60 |
| City Contributions ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |
| Employees | 10,917,667.62 | 10,917,667.62 |
| Spouses of Employees | 3,637,659.60 | 3,637,659.60 |
| Child's Annuity Payment Fund | 162,940.00 | 162,940.00 |
| Ordinary Disability Fund | 1,213,865.39 | 1,213,865.39 |
| Duty Disability Fund | 1,208,235.17 | 1,208,235.17 |
| Expense Fund | 1,430,067.65 | 1,430,067.65 |
| Health Insurance Fund | 1,496,482.50 | 1,496,482.50 |
| Interest on Income | 206,928.52 | 206,928:52 |
| Prior Service Annuity Fund | $(1,469,511.45)$ | (1,469,511.45) |
| Total City Contributions | 18,804,335.00 | 18,804,335.00 |
| Investment Income |  |  |
| Interest on Bonds | 43,178,966.44 | 43,178,966.44 |
| Dividends | 8,115,865.84 | 8,115,865.84 |
| Income on Venture Capital | 83,415.00 | 83,415.00 |
| Real Estate Investment Income | 3,743,786.03 | 3,743,786.03 |
| Gain (Loss) on Sale of Bonds | 6,826,768.15 | 6,826,768.15 |
| Gain (Loss) on Sale of Stocks | 93,171,564.84 | 93,171,564.84 |
| Gain (Loss) on Sale of Real Estate | (2,042,594.16) | $(2,042,594.16)$ |
| Gain (Loss) on Sale of Venture Capital | 985,862.00 | 985,862.00 |
| Amortization | 1,446,705.68 | 0.00 |
| Unrealized gain on investments | 0.00 | 63,389,589.74 |
| Less: Investment Custodial Fees | $(207,635.80)$ | $(207,635.80)$ |
| Less: Investment Management Fees | $(3,431,317.89)$ | (3,431,317.89) |
| Net Investment Income | 151,871,386.13 | 213,814,270.19 |
| Fromi Secuities Lending Activities |  |  |
| Securities Lending Income | 16,399,817.00 | 16,399,817.00 |
| Less: Securities Lending Rebates | $(15,634,653.00)$ | $(15,634,653.00)$ |
| Less: Securities Lending Management Fees | $(229,628.90)$ | $(229,628.90)$ |
| Net Income from Securities Lending Activities | 535,535.10 | 535,535.10 |
| Net Investment Income | 152,406,921.23 | 214,349,805.29 |
| Interest On Real Estate Taxes | 8,613.66 | 8,613.66 |
| Miscellaneous Income | 27,586.05 | 27,586.05 |
| Total Income Forwarded | \$ 186,579,663.54 | \$ 248,522,547.60 |

[^5]| EXPENDITURES FOR Y | $1997$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Book | Market |
| Total Income Forwarded | \$ 186,579,663.54 | \$ 248,522,547.60 |
| Annuities and Benefits Paid |  |  |
| Employee Annuities | 40,529,671.81 | 40,529,671.81 |
| Spouse Annuities | 8,165,380.47 | 8,165,380.47 |
| Children's Annuities | 162,940.00 | 162,940.00 |
| Ordinary Disability | 1,213,865.39 | 1,213,865.39 |
| Duty Disability | 1,208,235.17 | 1,208,235.17 |
| Supplementary Payments | 11,292.48 | 11,292.48 |
| Hospitalization Benefit Payments | 1,496,482.50 | 1,496,482.50 |
| Total Benefits | 52,787,867.82 | 52,787,867.82 |
| Reciprocal Act Reimbursement | $(3,616.68)$ | $(3,616.68)$ |
| Net Benefits Paid | 52,784,251.14 | 52,784,251.14 |
| Operating Expense |  |  |
| Salaries |  |  |
| Employees | 581,343.72 | 581,343.72 |
| Payroll taxes | 10,013.53 | 10,013.53 |
| Group Health Insurance | 85,542.14 | 85,542.14 |
| Life Insurance | 2,850.65 | 2,850.65 |
| Services: |  |  |
| Actuarial consulting | 16,119.43 | 16,119.43 |
| Annuity computation and certification | 211,941.21 | 211,941.21 |
| Employee accounts and data processing | 70,356.71 | 70,356.71 |
| Check production | 57,266.10 | 57,266.10 |
| Legal expense | 48,139.00 | 48,139.00 |
| Medical expense | 30,264.00 | 30,264.00 |
| Auditing | 25,293.00 | 25,293.00 |
| Consulting | 8,488.00 | 8,488.00 |
| Conference, membership and education | 14,596.01 | 14,596.01 |
| Election | 560.30 | 560.30 |
| Printing and stationery | 34,077.75 | 34,077.75 |
| Office supplies and equipment | 15,945.31 | 15,945.31 |
| Postage | 28,279.29 | 28,279.29 |
| Rent and electricity | 118,969.27 | 118,969.27 |
| Telephone | 5,146.97 | 5,146.97 |
| Depreciation expense | 32,877.20 | 32,877.20 |
| Miscellaneous | 5,467.76 | 5,467.76 |
| Expenses | 1,403,537.35 | 1,403,537.35 |
| Litigation Expense | 5,549.00 | 5,549.00 |
| Net Expenses | 1,409,086.35 | 1,409,086.35 |
| Refunds | 3,171,093.20 | 3,171,093.20 |
| Total Expenditures | 57,364,430.69 | 57,364,430.69 |
| Excess Income Over Expenditures | 129,215,232.85 | 191,158,116.91 |
| Net Change in Reserve for Loss and Cost of Collecting Taxes |  |  |
| Receivable for Prior Years | 488,446.14 | 488,446.14 |
| Net Change In Reserve For Payable And Receivables | 36,349.27 | 36,349.27 |
| Increase in Net Assets for Year | \$ 129,740,028.26 | \$ 191,682,912.32 |

# Laborers' \& Retirement Board Employees' Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago 

Assets and Liabilities

|  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Y , ¢ 1997 | Increase (Decrease) |
| Cash and Equivalents | \$ 70,229,222.14 | \$ 90,099,296.48 | \$ 19,870,074.34 |
| Investments |  |  |  |
| Bonds | 558,739,789.00 | 627,518,761.50 | 68,778,972.50 |
| Stocks | 525,983,366.00 | 625,035,037.75 | 99,051,671.75 |
| Real Estate | 27,589,507.00 | 21,326,181.00 | $(6,263,326.00)$ |
| Venture Capital | 15,446,364.00 | 14,240,380.00 | (1,205,984.00) |
| Total Investments | 1,127,759,026.00 | 1,288,120,360.25 | 160,361,334.25 |
| Securities Lending Collateral | 257,396,034.00 | 355,277,379.00 | 97,881,345.00 |
| Interest Receivable: |  |  |  |
| Accrued Interest | 6,841,467.43 | 7,784,655.28 | 943,187.85 |
| Accrued Dividends | 737,397.58 | 770,538.54 | 33,140.96 |
| Total Investment Income Receivable | 7,578,865.01 | 8,555,193.82 | 976,328.81 |
| Accounts Receivable - Taxes |  |  |  |
| Tax Extension (City \& Park) | 18,904,221.64 | 18,269,718.29 | $(634,503.35)$ |
| Replacement Tax From State | 2,805,000.00 | 2,750,000.00 | $(55,000.00)$ |
| Less: Est. for Loss on Collection | 2,012,374.01 | 2,097,743.75 | 85,369.74 |
| Net Taxes Receivable | 19,696,847.63 | 18,921,974.54 | $(774,873.09)$ |
| Other Accounts Receivable |  |  |  |
| Salary Deductions Accrued | 702,820.36 | 1,110,586.46 | 407,766.10 |
| Active Eimployee Accounts | 255,360.76 | 265,702.45 | 10,341.69 |
| Inactive Employee Accounts | 89,725.26 | 79,135.45 | $(10,589.81)$ |
| Miscellaneous Accounts Receivable | 1,530.42 | 384.09 | $(1,146.33)$ |
| Total Fixed Assets | 1,049,436.80 | 1,455,808.45 | 406,371.65 |
| Other Assets |  |  |  |
| Furniture | 155,844.82 | 180,952.72 | 25,107.90 |
| Accumulated Depreciation | $(107,824.73)$ | $(138,132.93)$ | $(30,308.20)$ |
| Prepaid Expenses | 1,142.50 | 571.25 | (571.25) |
| Deferred Compensation Plan | 114,500.76 | 0.00 | (114,500.76) |
| Net Other Assets | 163,663.35 | 43,391.04 | $(120,272.31)$ |
| Gross Ledger Assets | 1,483,873,094.93 | 1,762,473,403.58 | 278,600,308.65 |
| Less Accounts Payable |  |  |  |
| Investment Manager Fees | 525,528.17 | 454,031.53 | $(71,496.64)$ |
| Miscellaneous Employee Accounts | 1,255,487.37 | 1,335,298.22 | 176,590.20 |
| Professional Fees | 21,274.27 | 42,156.15 | 20,881.88 |
| Due to Broker | 12,792,139.27 | 1,913,495.27 | $(10,878,644.00)$ |
| Deferred Compensation Trust Fund | 114,500.76 | 0.00 | $(114,500.76)$ |
| Securities Lending Liability | 257,396,034.00 | 355,277,379.00 | 97,881,345.00 |
| Total Accounts Payable | 272,104,963.84 | 359,022,360.17 | 86,917,396.33 |
| Total Net Ledger Assets | \$ 1,211,768,131.09 | \$ 1,403,451,043.41 | \$ 191,682,912.32 |


| Liability Reserves | 1996 | 1997 | Increase (Decrease) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Annuity Payment Fund |  |  |  |
| Employee Annuitants | \$ 107,517,068.28 | \$ 106,072,207.80 | \$ (1,444,860.48) |
| Spouse Annuitants | 37,580,145.84 | 39,466,918.08 | 1,886,772.24 |
| Spouses' Annuities Fixed | 34,059,211.83 | 34,192,360.19 | 133,148.36 |
| Total Annuity Payment Fund | 179,156,425.95 | 179,731,486.07 | 575,060.12 |
| Salary Deduction Fund Account |  |  |  |
| Employees | 144,698,296.67 | 154,173,308.49 | 9,475,011.82 |
| Spouses of Employees | 33,223,896.54 | 35,432,663.87 | 2,208,767.33 |
| Total Salary Deduction Fund | 177,922,193.21 | 189,605,972.36 | 11,683,779.15 |
| City Contribution Fund Account |  |  |  |
| Employees | 133,895,379.33 | 142,628,281.24 | 8,732,901.91 |
| Spouses of Employees | 44,423,639.68 | 47,364,370.24 | 2,940,730.56 |
| Total City Contribution Fund | 178,319,019.01 | 189,992,651.48 | 11,673,632.47 |
| Other Reserves |  |  |  |
| Supplementary Payment Reserve | 90,074.95 | 78,782.47 | $(11,292.48)$ |
| Annuity Payment Fund Account | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Total Other Reserves | 90,074.95 | 78,782.47 | $(11,292.48)$ |
| Prior Service Fund Account |  |  |  |
| Employee Annuitants | 272,553,292.92 | 278,184,225.84 | 5,630,932.92 |
| Spouse Annuitants | 18,947,857.20 | 36,737,946.84 | 17,790,089.64 |
| Spouses' Annuities Fixed | 14,613,345.13 | 28,540,629.73 | 13,927,284.60 |
| Salary Deductions 3\% Annuity Increase | 15,144,884.64 | 16,114,064.33 | 969,179.69 |
| Estimated Excess Liability | 79,876,626.48 | 121,664,775.88 | 41,788,149.40 |
| Total Prior Service Fund Account | 401,136,006.37 | 481,241,642.62 | 80,105,636.25 |
| Total Liabilities | 936,623,719.49 | 1,040,650,535.00 | 104,026,815.51 |
| Unfunded Obligations | 275,144,411.60 | 362,800,508.41 | 87,656,096.81 |
| Total Net Liabilities | \$ 1,211,768,131.09 | \$1,403,451,043.41 | \$ 191,682,912.32 |

## TAXES RECEIVABLE

December 31, 1997

| Year |  | collected laxes $12 / 31 / 97$ | $8$ | Estimate for Loss 12/31/96 |  | dditional Est. tup 12/31/97 |  | Total Est, for Loss 12/31/97 |  | xes Collectible $12 / 31 / 97$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| City |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1993 | \$ | 276,266.68 | \$ | $(242,855.43)$ | \$ | $(33,411.25)$ | \$ | (276,266.68) | \$ | 0.00 |
| 1994 |  | 211,074.25 |  | $(181,514.15)$ |  | $(25,760.76)$ |  | $(207,274.91)$ |  | 3,799.34 |
| 1995 |  | 256,950.61 |  | $(483,120.00)$ |  | 231,308.40 |  | $(251,811.60)$ |  | 5,139.01 |
| 1996 |  | 625,410.45 |  | $(861,600.00)$ |  | 344,640.00 |  | $(516,960.00)$ |  | 108,450.45 |
| 1997 |  | 16,895,000.00 |  | (0.00) |  | (844,750.00) |  | (844,750.00) |  | 16,050,250:00 |
| Total City | \$ | 18,264,701.99 | \$ | (1,769,089,58) | \$ | (327,973.61) | \$ | (2,097,063.19) | \$ | 6,167,638.80 |
| Park |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1993 | \$ | 0.00 | \$ | 0.00 | \$ | 0.00 | \$ | 0.00 | \$ | 0.00 |
| 1994 |  | 0.00 |  | (600.00) |  | 600.00 |  | 0.00 |  | 0.00 |
| 1995 |  | 120.56 |  | (475.00) |  | 354.44 |  | (120.56) |  | 0.00 |
| 1996 |  | 595.74 |  | (345.00) |  | 0.00 |  | (345.00) |  | 250.74 |
| 1997 |  | 4,300.00 |  | 0.00 |  | (215.00) |  | (215.00) |  | 4,085.00 |
| Total Park | \$ | 5,016.30 | \$ | - $(1,420.00)$ | \$ | 739.44 | \$ | (680:56) | \$ | 4,335:74 |
|  and Park |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Replacement Tax Due from State |  |  |  | 1997 | \$ | 2,750,000.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$ 18,921,974.54 |  |  |  |

Note: The loss on the 1997 tax levy was $5 \%$. Due to the $100 \%$ collection of the personal property replacement tax, the overall loss is $4 \%$. The statutory requirement of $\$ 19,649,300.00$ is the sum of $\$ 16,895,000.00$ City and $\$ 4,300.00$ Park plus $\$ 2,750,000.00$. For 1998 , the tax levy of $\$ 19,762,000.00$ is assumed to have a $4 \%$ loss.

Total City Contributions from Tax Levy $=\$ 18,804,335.00$ (see Income page).

## MEMBERSHIP STATISTICS

## Year 1997



| Changes in Annuitants and Beneficiaries | Number at Beginning of Year | Increases | Decreases | Number at End of Year |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Employee Annuitants | 2,378 | 74 | 156 | 2,296 |
| Spouse Annuitants | 1,374 | 77 | 86 | 1,365 |
| Child Annuities | 74 | 9 | 10 | 73 |
| Ordinary Disability Benefits | 38 | 122 | 106 | 54 |
| Duty Disability Benefits | 109 | 320 | 338 | 91. |
| Reciprocal: |  |  |  |  |
| Employee ${ }^{1}$ | 159 | 10 | 8 | 161 |
| Spouse | 43 | 6 | 1 | 48 |
| Total | 4,175 | 618 | 705 | 4,088 |
| Ratio of Active Participants to A imuitants and Beneficiaries $0.91$ <br> 0.95 |  |  |  |  |

1 Includes Revisionary Beneficiaries

SALARY AND AGE STATISTICS
Ages and Salaries as of December 31, 1997

| Age | AnnualNumber |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Male |  | - ${ }^{\text {ata }}$ |  |  |
| Under 20 | 3 | \$ | 133,152 | \$ | 44,384 |
| 20-24 | 70 |  | 2,541,192 |  | 36,303 |
| 25-29 | 160 |  | 6,953,856 |  | 43,462 |
| 30-34 | 306 |  | 13,419,288 |  | 43,854 |
| 35-39 | 534 |  | 24,103,512 |  | 45,138 |
| 40-44 | 702 |  | 31,925,088 |  | 45,477 |
| 45-49 | 585 |  | 26,666,856 |  | 45,584 |
| 50-54 | 425 |  | 19,310,352 |  | 45,436 |
| 55-59 | 395 |  | 18,262,704 |  | 46,235 |
| 60-64 | 222 |  | 9,544,128 |  | 42,992 |
| 65-69 | 94 |  | 4,210,440 |  | 44,792 |
| $70+$ | 54 |  | 2,383,128 |  | 44,132 |
| Without Record | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| Total Male | 3,550 | \$ | 159,453,696 | \$ | 44,917 |
|  | Female |  |  |  |  |
| Under 20 | 1 | \$ | 24,960 | \$ | 24,960 |
| 20-24 | 35 |  | 722,112 |  | 20,632 |
| 25-29 | 28 |  | 996,408 |  | 35,586 |
| 30-34 | 40 |  | 1,639,272 |  | 40,982 |
| 35-39 | 54 |  | 2,233,632 |  | 41,364 |
| 40-44 | 54 |  | 2,198,064 |  | 40,705 |
| 45-49 | 40 |  | 1,599,192 |  | 39,980 |
| 50-54 | 19 |  | 697,536 |  | 36,712 |
| 55-59 | 22 |  | 776,520 |  | 35,296 |
| 60-64 | 15 |  | 435,552 |  | 29,037 |
| 65-69 | 12 |  | 260,616 |  | 21,718 |
| $70+$ | 5 |  | 98,928 |  | 19,786 |
| Without Record | 1 |  | 39,456 |  | 39,456 |
| Total Female | 326 | \$ | 11,722,248 | \$ | 35,958 |
| Male and Female | 3,876 | \$ | 171,175,944 | \$ | 44,163 |

## SALARY AND AGE STATISTICS Year 1997

## Ages at Entrance



## Exhibit G

## AGE AND SERVICE DISTRIBUTION - ACTIVES Year 1997

Average Salaries by Age and Service Grouping (Showing the Number of Active Members and the Average Salaries of Male and Female Combined)

| Age | $\langle 1$ | $1-4$ | $5-9$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Year } \\ & 10-14 \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{\text { rs of Ser }}{15-19}$ | $\frac{\text { vice }}{20-24}$ | $25-29$ | $30-34$ | $35+$ | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $<20$ | 1 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 |
|  | \$47,208 | \$36,968 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$39,528 |
| 20-24 | 1 | 95 | 9 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 105 |
|  | \$46,488 | 29,448 | \$46,584 |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$31,079 |
| 25-29 | 5 | 91 | 82 | 10 |  |  |  |  |  | 188 |
|  | \$46,488 | 41,638 | \$42,976 | \$40,466 |  |  |  |  |  | \$42,289 |
| 30-34 | 1 | 100 | 159 | 73 | 13 |  |  |  |  | 346 |
|  | \$39,456 | \$42,384 | \$43,293 | \$45,076 | \$46,663 |  |  |  |  | \$43,522 |
| 35-39 | 3 | 80 | 112 | 139 | 212 | 42 |  |  |  | 588 |
|  | \$44,384 | \$42,810 | \$42,855 | \$43,512 | \$46,769 | \$48,005 |  |  |  | \$44,791 |
| 40-44 | 4 | 65 | 116 | 124 | 188 | 245 | 14 |  |  | 756 |
|  | \$51,372 | \$41,342 | \$42,530 | \$43,920 | \$46,390 | \$46,637 | \$50,234 |  |  | \$45,136 |
| 45-49 | 2 | 45 | 69 | 80 | 157 | 179 | 78 | 15 |  | 625 |
|  | \$46,848 | \$41,049 | \$41,423 | \$42,242 | \$45,781 | \$47,320 | \$47,365 | \$49,024 |  | \$45,226 |
| 50-54 |  | 24 | 40 | 53 | 86 | 92 | 73 | 67 | 9 | 444 |
|  |  | \$41,723 | \$42,749 | \$39,807 | \$43,989 | \$45,437 | \$48,467 | \$48,499 | \$48,448 | \$45,063 |
| 55-59 |  | 18 | 29 | 35 | 68 | 78 | 57 | 88 | 44 | 417 |
|  |  | \$37,763 | \$41,382 | \$42,236 | \$43,423 | \$45,993 | \$46,397 | \$49,053 | \$49,539 | \$45,658 |
| 60-64 |  | 6 | 18 | 25 | 51 | 45 | 33 | 33 | 26 | 237 |
|  |  | \$35,660 | \$39,233 | \$39,569 | \$41,543 | \$44,957 | \$42,053 | \$40,662 | \$46,114 | \$42,108 |
| 65-69 |  | 3 | 2 | 11 | 27 | 23 | 5 | 15 | 20 | 106 |
|  |  | \$45,976 | \$42,192 | \$39,393 | \$42,195 | \$43,823 | \$36,259 | \$35,445 | \$47,764 | \$42,180 |
| $70+$ |  | 1 | 2 | 5 | 13 | 7 | 7 | 9 | 15 | 59 |
|  |  | \$13,608 | \$36,384 | \$36,955 | \$45,319 | \$44,259 | \$50,074 | \$39,853 | \$40,182 | \$42,069 |
| w/o |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| DOB |  | \$39,456 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$39,456 |
| Number | 17. | 532 | 638 | 555 | 815 | 711 | 267 | 227 | 114 | 3,876 |
| Salary | \$46,937 | \$39,438 | \$42,620 | \$42,818 | \$45,415 | \$46,443 | \$46,817 | \$46,404 | \$47,129 | \$44,163 |
| Age | 33.8 | 34.9 | 39.0 | 43.4 | 464 | 48.3 | 53.1 | 5688 | 62.0 . | 450 |
| Service | 8.0 | 30 | 7.0 | 119 | -173 | 21.6 | 26.6 | 31.7 | 38.3 | - 157 |



# Employees by Age and Service 



## AGE AND SERVICE DISTRIBUTION - INACTIVES Year 1997

Average Salaries by Age and Service Grouping (Showing the Number of Inactive Members and the Average Salaries of Male and Female Combined)

|  | $<1$ | $1.4$ | $5.9$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{Y \text { ear }}{10-14} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { IS of Sery } \\ & 15-19 \end{aligned}$ | vice $20-24$ | $25-29$ | $30-34$ | $35+$ | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $<20$ | 19 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 21 |
|  | \$46,360 | \$46,488 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$46,373 |
| 20-24 | 28 | 74 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 102 |
|  | \$21,865 | \$34,997 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$31,392 |
| 25-29 | 33 | 80 | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 117 |
|  | \$14,583 | \$28,824 | \$34,764 |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$25,010 |
| 30-34 | 90 | 64 | 12 | 3 | 2 |  |  |  |  | 171 |
|  | \$5,258 | \$25,616 | \$27,600 | \$15,496 | \$23,868 |  |  |  |  | \$14,843 |
| 35-39 | 247 | 96 | 16 | 11 | 14 |  |  |  |  | 384 |
|  | \$1,768 | \$15,275 | \$10,916 | \$18,277 | \$18,965 |  |  |  |  | \$6,626 |
| 40-44 | 161 | 102 | 17 | 13 | 12 | 19 |  |  |  | 324 |
|  | \$2,783 | \$13,092 | \$17,722 | \$12,070 | \$17,270 | \$24,599 |  |  |  | \$9,001 |
| 45-49 | 105 | 59 | 9 | 7 | 9 | 14 | 8 | 1 |  | 212 |
|  | \$1,704 | \$12,825 | \$12,979 | \$33,600 | \$27,605 | \$7,315 | \$32,148 | \$0 |  | \$8,942 |
| 50-54 | 44 | 41 | 10 | 11 | 8 | 8 | 9 | 7 | 1 | 139 |
|  | \$2,655 | \$6,663 | \$4,493 | \$8,036 | \$11,754 | \$17,400 | \$13,576 | \$24,185 | \$42,120 | \$7,843 |
| 55-59 | 19 | 34 | 8 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 1 |  | 75 |
|  | \$0 | \$6,285 | \$0 | \$38,964 | \$36,048 | \$40,434 | \$8,968 | \$0 |  | \$8,326 |
| 60-64 | 26 | 19 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 1 |  | 1 | 64 |
|  | \$0 | \$2,447 | \$0 | \$9,474 | \$14,112 | \$16,728 | \$0 |  | \$0 | \$3,467 |
| 65-69 | 19 | 13 | 4 |  | 1 | 4 | 3 | 1 |  | 45 |
|  | \$0 | \$6,491 | \$23,244 |  | \$47,640 | \$21,774 | \$13,152 | \$0 |  | \$7,812 |
| $70+$ | 23 | 24 | 8 | 9 | 2 | 4 | 3 | 1 |  | 74 |
|  | \$1,110 | \$1,872 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |  | \$952 |
| w/o | 1 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 |
| DOB | \$0 | \$23,244 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$15,496 |
| Number | 815 | 610 | 92 | 60 | $57$ | 5 5 | - 27 | -11 | 2 | 1,731 |
|  | \$4,483 | \$17,862 | \$13,053 | \$14,064 | \$19,743 | \$17,978 | \$16,508 | \$15,390 | \$21,060 | \$11,208 |
| Age | 41.1 | 400 | 47.1 | 50.5 | 47.0 | 51.0 | 55.8 | 56.8 | 56.5 | 42.3 |
| Service | 0.5 | 1.8 | 6.8 | 11.8 | 16.9 | - 21.4 | - 270 | 31.3 | 350 | 3.6 |

## ANNUITANTS CLASSIFIED BY AGE AS OF DECEMBER 31, 1997

## Retirement Annuities (Including Reciprocal)




HEALTH INSURANCE SUPPLEMENT CLASSIFIED BY AGE AS OF DECEMBER 31, 1997

| Age | Single <br> Coverage | Family <br> Coverage | Total Participants | Total Non- <br> Participants | Total Annuitants | \% Part <br> Annuitants |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\angle \mathrm{H}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 30-39 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 100.00\% |
| 40-49 | 3 | 2 | 5 | 2 | 7 | 71.43\% |
| 50-59 | 32 | 46 | 78 | 38 | 116 | 67.24\% |
| 60-69 | 207 | 293 | 500 | 162 | 662 | 75.53\% |
| 70-79 | 362 | 386 | 748 | 298 | 1,046 | $71.51 \%$ |
| 80-89 | 210 | 111 | 321 | 229 | 550 | 58.36\% |
| Over 90 | 29 | 5 | 34 | 41 | 75 | 45.33\% |
| Total | 844 | 843 | 1,687 | 770 | 2,457 | $68.66 \%$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 30 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 100.00\% |
| 30-39 | 2 | 4 | 6 | 2 | 8 | $75.00 \%$ |
| 40-49 | 4 | 6 | 10 | 10 | 20 | 50.00\% |
| 50-59 | 49 | 9 | 58 | 55 | 113 | 51.33\% |
| 60-69 | 155 | 1 | 156 | 115 | 271 | 57.56\% |
| 70-79 | 309 | 1 | 310 | 260 | 570 | 54.39\% |
| 80-89 | 156 | 0 | 156 | 217 | 373 | 41.82\% |
| Over 90 | 18 | 0 | 18 | 38 | 56 | 32.14\% |
| Total | 693 | 23 | 716 | 697 | 1,413 | 50.67\% |

NEW ANNUITIES GRANTED DURING 1997

|  | Male Annuitants | Female Annuitants | Widows/ <br> Widowers of Deceased Employees |  | idows/ lowers of eceased nuitants |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number Retired | 74 | 9 | 14 |  | 68 |
| Average Age Attained | 62.1 | 66.9 | 50.9 |  | 71.8 |
| Number with Spouses | 54 | 2 | --- |  | --- |
| Average Spouse Age | 59.4 | 72.5 | --- |  | --- |
| Percentage with Spouse | 72.97\% | 22.22\% | --- |  | --- |
| Average Length of Service | 23.4 | 29.4 | 19.7 |  | 26.4 |
| Average Years on Pension | --- | --- | --- |  | 10.81 |
| Average Final Salary | \$ 41,645 | \$ 27,779 | \$ 39,627 | \$ | --- |
| Total Final Salary | 3,081,708 | 250,008 | 554,784 |  | --- |
| Average Annual Salary | 36,723 | 27,778 | --- |  | --- |
| Total Annual Annuity | 1,384,999 | 137,133 | 140,473 |  | 534,777 |
| Average Annual Annuity | 18,716 | 15,237 | 10,034 |  | 7,864 |
| Total Liability (8\% 1983 GAM) | 16,400,401 | 1,567,389 | 1,562,530 |  | 4,460,324 |
| Average Liability | 221,627 | 174,154 | 111,609 |  | 65,593 |
| Total Contributed by EE ${ }^{1}$ | 3,132,356 | 127,403 | 570,814 |  | --- |
| Average Contribution | \$ 42,329 | \$ 14,156 | \$ 40,772 | \$ | --- |
| Expected Future Lifetime (yrs.) | 17.45 | 18.76 | 33.03 |  | 14.81 |
| Payback Period (yrs.) | 2.2616 | 0.9290 | 4.0635 |  | -- |
| Replacement Ratio | 44.94\% | 54.85\% | 25.32\% |  | --- |
| Liability/Salary | 5.32 | 6.27 | 2.82 |  | --- |
| Liability/Contributions | 5.24 | 12.30 | 2.74 |  | --- |

${ }^{1}$ Includes "Pickup."

## NEW RECIPROCALS GRANTED DURING 1997

|  |  | Recip <br> ale <br> itants |  | ale ants |  | rocal/La <br> ale <br> itants |  | rers' <br> ale <br> ants |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number Retired |  | 9 |  | 1 |  | 2 |  | 3 |
| Average Age Attained |  | 61.3 |  | 60.0 |  | 59.0 |  | 74.0 |
| Number with Spouses |  | 6 |  | 0 |  | 2 |  | 3 |
| Average Spouse Age |  | 60.7 |  | --- |  | 62 |  | 73 |
| Percentage with Spouse |  | 66.67\% |  | --- |  | 100.00\% |  | 100.00\% |
| Average Length of Service |  | 27.2 |  | 35.0 |  | 31.5 |  | 27.4 |
| Average Service with this Fund |  | 10.4 |  | 12.6 |  | 26.3 |  | 20.9 |
| Total Final Salary | \$ | 429,048 | \$ | 32,244 | \$ | 84,240 | \$ | --- |
| Average Annual Salary |  | 47,672 |  | 32,244 |  | 42,120 |  | --- |
| Total Annual Annuity |  | 83,005 |  | 8,928 |  | 47,416 |  | 23,432 |
| Average Annual Annuity |  | 9,223 |  | 8,928 |  | 23,708 |  | 7,811 |
| Total Liability ( $8 \% 1983$ GAM) |  | 1,002,023 |  | 117,197 |  | 607,428 |  | -- --- |
| Average Liability |  | 111,336 |  | 117,197 |  | 303,714 |  | --- |
| Total Contributed by EE ${ }^{\text {I }}$ |  | 162,038 |  | 11,345 |  | 114,528 |  | --- |
| Average Contribution | \$ | 18,004 | \$ | 11,345 | \$ | 57,264 | \$ | --- |
| Expected Future Lifetime (yrs.) |  | 18.23 |  | 23.89 |  | 19.83 |  | --- |
| Payback Period (yrs.) |  | 1.9521 |  | 1.2708 |  | 2.4154 |  | --- |
| Replacement Ratio |  | 19.35\% |  | 27.69\% |  | 56.29\% |  | --- |
| Liability/Salary |  | 2.34 |  | 3.63 |  | 7.21 |  | --- |
| Liability/Contributions |  | 6.18 |  | 10.33 |  | 5.30 |  | --- |

[^6]RETIREES AND BENEFICIARIES BY TYPE OF BENEFIT

| Year | A | B | $\mathrm{C}^{2}$ |  |  | $\mathrm{F}^{2}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1981 | 2,420 | 1,154 | 137 | 136 | 26 | 2 | 49 | 11 |
| 1982 | 2,419 | 1,175 | 109 | 113 | 25 | 2 | 56 | 11 |
| 1983 | 2,363 | 1,198 | 112 | 110 | 57 | 3 | 56 | 13 |
| 1984 | 2,386 | 1,213 | 96 | 111 | 77 | 2 | 83 | 15 |
| 1985 | 2,343 | 1,191 | 104 | 108 | 110 | 2 | 76 | 19 |
| 1986 | 2,406 | 1,205 | 93 | 119 | 155 | 2 | 81 | 21 |
| 1987 | 2,416 | 1,209 | 84 | 82 | 152 | 2 | 82 | 31 |
| 1988 | 2,405 | 1,232 | 79 | 90 | 172 | 1 | 89 | 33 |
| 1989 | 2,384 | 1,261 | 80 | 79 | 138 | 1 | 92 | 34 |
| 1990 | 2,391 | 1,279 | 86 | 70 | 145 | 1 | 90 | 38 |
| 1991 | 2,397 | 1,296 | 88 | 75 | 143 | 1 | 104 | 39 |
| 1992 | 2,416 | 1,322 | 88 | 70 | 156 | 1 | 118 | 37 |
| 1993 | 2,534 | 1,359 | 79 | 42 | 103 | 0 | 142 | 39 |
| 1994 | 2,534 | 1,362 | 75 | 55 | 106 | 0 | 146 | 41 |
| 1995 | 2,445 | 1,388 | 72 | 49 | 93 | 0 | 155 | 39 |
| 1996 | 2,378 | 1,374 | 74 | 38 | 109 | 0 | 159 | 43 |
| 1997 | 2,296 | 1,365 | 73 | 54 | 91 | 0 | 161 | 48 |

Legend
A Employee Annuitants (including old law employees)
B Spouse Annuitants
C Children's Annuities
D Ordinary Disability Benefits
E Duty Disability Benefits
F Widow/Widower Compensation Annuities
G Reciprocal Employees
H Reciprocal Widows/Widowers

## AVERAGE EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT BENEFITS PAYABLE

| Year <br> Ended |  | Average <br> Annual <br> Benefit | Percent <br> Increase |  | verage nnual nefit at irement ent Year | Percent Increase | Average Current Age of Retirees | Average Age at Retirement Current Year | Average <br> Years of Service at Retirement Current Year |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1981 | \$ | 4,112 | 9.20\% | \$ | 5,757 | 9.60\% | 71.0 | 64.9 | 22.3 |
| 1982 |  | 4,434 | 7.80\% |  | 7,129 | 23.80\% | 72.1 | 64.6 | 23.8 |
| 1983 |  | 4,775 | 7.70\% |  | 7,520 | 5.50\% | 72.1 | 65.3 | 24.0 |
| 1984 |  | 5,315 | 11.30\% |  | 9,227 | 22.70\% | 72.7 | 65.9 | 25.3 |
| 1985 |  | 5,868 | 10.40\% |  | 10,456 | 13.30\% | 72.4 | 64.8 | 25.5 |
| 1986 |  | 6,730 | 14.70\% |  | 12,485 | 19.40\% | 72.4 | 64.9 | 27.0 |
| 1987 |  | 7,935 | 17.90\% |  | 13,823 | 10.70\% | 72.3 | 65.0 | 28.0 |
| 1988 |  | 8,516 | 7.30\% |  | 13,048 | (5.60)\% | 72.6 | 65.0 | 27.5 |
| 1989 |  | 9,036 | 6.10\% |  | 12,582 | (3.60) \% | 72.6 | 64.7 | 26.4 |
| 1990 |  | 10,045 | 11.20\% |  | 15,732 | 25.00\% | 72.6 | 64.6 | 28.1 |
| 1991 |  | 10,807 | 7.60\% |  | 16,444 | 4.50\% | 73.0 | 64.2 | 27.0 |
| 1992 |  | 11,586 | 7.20\% |  | 17,010 | 3.40\% | 73.2 | 65.2 | 27.1 |
| 1993 |  | 13,515 | 16.60\% |  | 21,804 | 28.20\% | 72.2 | 63.6 | 30.4 |
| 1994 |  | 14,059 | 4.00\% |  | 15,866 | (27.20)\% | 72.7 | 63.3 | 23.2 |
| 1995 |  | 14,797 | $5.20 \%$ |  | 20,634 | 30.00\% | 72.9 | 64.0 | 27.7 |
| 1996 |  | 15,476 | 4.60\% |  | 21,019 | 1.90\% | 73.3 | 61.4 | 25.9 |
| 1997 | \$ | 16,634 | 7.50\% | \$ | 18,339 | (12.80)\% | 72.8 | 62.6 | 24.1 |

HISTORY OF AVERAGE ANNUAL SALARIES

${ }^{1}$ Includes those members who were on disability.
${ }^{2}$ Total salaries include the $7 \%$ Board of Education "pick up" for the first time due to a change in the law.
${ }^{3}$ Average annual increase in average salary $1966-1997$, about $6.8 \%$ compounded. The average annual increase in the annual average Chicago CPI for the same period is about $5.4 \%$.

## HISTORY OF NEW ANNUITIES GRANTED

1976-1997

| Year | $\mathbf{A}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1976 | 139 | 69 | 208 | 34 | 41 | 75 | 283 |
| 1977 | 133 | 87 | 220 | 43 | 36 | 79 | 299 |
| 1978 | 182 | 86 | 268 | 39 | 41 | 80 | 348 |
| 1979 | 141 | 73 | 214 | 29 | 64 | 93 | 307 |
| 1980 | 187 | 81 | 268 | 34 | 60 | 94 | 362 |
| 1981 | 156 | 77 | 233 | 32 | 51 | 83 | 316 |
| 1982 | 120 | 53 | 173 | 38 | 52 | 90 | 263 |
| 1983 | 128 | 46 | 174 | 35 | 68 | 103 | 277 |
| 1984 | 169 | 54 | 223 | 24 | 56 | 80 | 303 |
| 1985 | 146 | 29 | 175 | 36 | 59 | 95 | 270 |
| 1986 | 188 | 53 | 241 | 29 | 51 | 80 | 321 |
| 1987 | 155 | 35 | 190 | 26 | 64 | 90 | 280 |
| 1988 | 121 | 33 | 154 | 13 | 70 | 83 | 237 |
| 1989 | 98 | 34 | 132 | 23 | 65 | 88 | 220 |
| 1990 | 123 | 32 | 155 | 21 | 66 | 87 | 242 |
| 1991 | 148 | 22 | 170 | 19 | 70 | 89 | 259 |
| 1992 | 166 | 22 | 188 | 22 | 65 | 87 | 275 |
| 1993 | 399 | 40 | 439 | 15 | 80 | 95 | 534 |
| 1994 | 44 | 7 | 51 | 7 | 62 | 69 | 120 |
| 1995 | 85 | 19 | 104 | 12 | 75 | 87 | 191 |
| 1996 | 76 | 11 | 87 | 11 | 66 | 77 | 164 |
| 1997 | 74 | 9 | 83 | 14 | 68 | 82 | 165 |

## Legend of Headings

A: Male Annuitants
B: Female Annuitants
C: Total Annuitants
D: Widows/Widowers of Deceased Employees
E: Widows/Widowers of Deceased Annuitants
F: Total Widows/Widowers
G: Total New

## HISTORY OF TOTAL ANNUITIES

Employee Annuitants

| Year End Number of Annuitants Total Annuities |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1977 | 2,087 | \$ | 6,287,310 | \$ | 3,013 |
| 1978 | 2,188 |  | 7,162,866 |  | 3,274 |
| 1979 | 2,227 |  | 7,976,776 |  | 3,582 |
| 1980 | 2,379 |  | 8,958,700 |  | 3,766 |
| 1981 | 2,420 |  | 9,950,080 |  | 4,112 |
| 1982 | 2,419 |  | 10,725,716 |  | 4,434 |
| 1983 | 2,419 |  | 11,550,456 |  | 4,775 |
| 1984 | 2,469 |  | 13,123,860 |  | 5,315 |
| 1985 | 2,419 |  | 14,194,488 |  | 5,868 |
| 1986 | 2,487 |  | 16,737,498 |  | 6,730 |
| 1987 | 2,498 |  | 19,820,563 |  | 7,935 |
| 1988 | 2,494 |  | 21,240,063 |  | 8,516 |
| 1989 | 2,476 |  | 22,372,931 |  | 9,036 |
| 1990 | 2,481 |  | 24,922,371 |  | 10,045 |
| 1991 | 2,501 |  | 27,029,083 |  | 10,807 |
| 1992 | 2,534 |  | 29,359,490 |  | 11,586 |
| 1993 | 2,802 |  | 37,868,791 |  | 13,515 |
| 1994 | 2,680 |  | 37,679,445 |  | 14,059 |
| 1995 | 2,600 |  | 38,471,969 |  | 14,797 |
| 1996 | 2,537 |  | 39,261,371 |  | 15,476 |
| 1997 | 2,457 | \$ | 40,869,959 | , | 16,634 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1977 | 1,059 | \$ | 1,267,194 | \$ | 1,197 |
| 1978 | 1,075 |  | 1,381,263 |  | 1,285 |
| 1979 | 1,111 |  | 1,523,370 |  | 1,371 |
| 1980 | 1,154 |  | 1,689,076 |  | 1,464 |
| 1981 | 1,153 |  | 1,768,868 |  | 1,534 |
| 1982 | 1,174 |  | 1,927,743 |  | 1,642 |
| 1983 | 1,211 |  | 2,128,737 |  | 1,758 |
| 1984 | 1,228 |  | 2,304,994 |  | 1,877 |
| 1985 | 1,210 |  | 2,462,519 |  | 2,035 |
| 1986 | 1,226 |  | 2,610,422 |  | 2,129 |
| 1987 | 1,240 |  | 3,654,798 |  | 2,947 |
| 1988 | 1,265 |  | 3,820,665 |  | 3,020 |
| 1989 | 1,295 |  | 4,039,290 |  | 3,119 |
| 1990 | 1,317 |  | 5,292,391 |  | 4,019 |
| 1991 | 1,335 |  | 5,502,954 |  | 4,122 |
| 1992 | 1,359 |  | 5,743,428 |  | 4,226 |
| 1993 | 1,398 |  | 6,077,755 |  | 4,347 |
| 1994 | 1,403 |  | 6,264,691 |  | 4,465 |
| 1995 | 1,427 |  | 6,586,402 |  | 4,616 |
| 1996 | 1,417 |  | 6,777,664 |  | 4,783 |
| 1997 | 1,413 | \$ | 9,439,234 | \$ | 6,680 |

## HISTORY OF BENEFIT EXPENSES BY TYPE

| Year | Employee <br> Annuities | Widow/er Amuities | Children's <br> Amnuities | Ordinary Disabilities | Duty Disabilities | Hosp. Benefits | Other ${ }^{1}$ |  | Total <br> Benefits |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1979 | \$7,502,177 | \$1,462,651 | \$ 118,710 | \$1,317,124 | \$ 329,057 | 0 | \$ | 65,448 | \$ 10,795,167 |
| 1980 | 8,591,787 | 1,614,326 | 118,864 | 1,408,837 | 365,269 | 0 |  | 62,208 | 12,161,291 |
| 1981 | 9,310,966 | 1,713,058 | 122,200 | 1,385,606 | 297,087 | 0 |  | 51,974 | 12,880,891 |
| 1982 | 10,193,364 | 1,832,665 | 110,911 | 1,284,329 | 382,788 | 0 |  | 47,378 | 13,851,435 |
| 1983 | 10,909,532 | 2,035,247 | 98,840 | 1,214,325 | 522,071 | 0 |  | 48,947 | 14,828,962 |
| 1984 | 12,236,436 | 2,229,432 | 91,720 | 1,257,938 | 726,190 | 0 |  | 40,592 | 16,582,308 |
| 1985 | 13,493,966 | 2,447,498 | 102,680 | 1,419,709 | 977,159 | 45,502 |  | 29,735 | 18,516,249 |
| 1986 | 15,582,979 | 2,571,348 | 95,080 | 1,285,079 | 1,032,647 | 283,945 |  | 30,394 | 20,881,472 |
| 1987 | 17,927,108 | 2,702,842 | 92,200 | 1,208,314 | 1,211,599 | 298,674 |  | 24,860 | 23,465,597 |
| 1988 | 20,682,766 | 3,743,668 | 127,950 | 1,191,429 | 1,370,321 | 309,744 |  | 41,810 | 27,467,688 |
| 1989 | 21,953,375 | 3,931,392 | 117,030 | 1,140,845 | 1,354,436 | 435,236 |  | 33,869 | 28,966,183 |
| 1990 | 23,449,216 | 4,276,814 | 136,620 | 1,186,935 | 1,173,540 | 1,784,878 |  | 21,180 | 32,029,183 |
| 1991 | 26,291,859 | 5,410,449 | 142,200 | 1,162,249 | 1,213,782 | 1,191,367 |  | 23,531 | 35,435,437 |
| 1992 | 28,557,579 | 5,668,669 | 140,310 | 1,176,769 | 1,317,890 | 1,218,448 |  | 21,610 | 38,101,275 |
| 1993 | 33,538,008 | 5,964,160 | 125,579 | 923,850 | 1,206,785 | 1,564,869 |  | 18,302 | 43,341,553 |
| 1994 | 37,739,455 | 6,170,546 | 119,708 | 968,551 | 1,056,507 | 1,581,929 |  | 11,720 | 47,648,416 |
| 1995 | 38,163,745 | 6,477,852 | 112,560 | 931,696 | 1,054,608 | 1,546,446 |  | 5,943 | 48,292,850 |
| 1996 | 38,961,283 | 6,661,485 | 121,102 | 860,543 | 1,005,569 | 1,516,537 |  | 2,646 | 49,129,165 |
| 1997 | \$40,529,672 | \$8,165,380 | \$ 162,940 | \$1,213,865 | \$1,208,235 | \$1,496,483 | \$ | 7,676 | \$52,784,251 |

[^7]HISTORY OF BENEFIT EXPENSES BY TYPE

| Year | Enployee Anmities | Widowler <br> Annuilies | Children's Annuities | Ordinary Disabilities | Duty Disabilities | Hosp. <br> Benefits | Other | Total <br> Benefits |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | wivshystivith |  | cent of Total | Benefits |  |  |  |
| 1979 | 69.50\% | 13.55\% | 1.10\% | 12.20\% | $3.05 \%$ | 0.00\% | 0.61\% | 100.00\% |
| 1980 | 70.65\% | 13.27\% | 0.98\% | 11.58\% | 3.00\% | 0.00\% | $0.51 \%$ | 100.00\% |
| 1981 | $72.29 \%$ | 13.30\% | 0.95\% | 10.76\% | $2.31 \%$ | 0.00\% | 0.40\% | 100.00\% |
| 1982 | $73.59 \%$ | 13.23\% | 0.80\% | 9.27\% | $2.76 \%$ | 0.00\% | 0.34\% | 100.00\% |
| 1983 | $73.57 \%$ | 13.72\% | 0.67\% | 8.19\% | 3.52\% | 0.00\% | 0.33\% | 100.00\% |
| 1984 | $73.79 \%$ | 13.44\% | 0.55\% | 7.59\% | 4.38\% | 0.00\% | 0.24\% | 100.00\% |
| 1985 | $72.88 \%$ | 13.22\% | 0.55\% | 7.67\% | $5.28 \%$ | 0.25\% | 0.16\% | 100.00\% |
| 1986 | $74.63 \%$ | $12.31 \%$ | 0.46\% | 6.15\% | 4.95\% | 1.36\% | 0.15\% | 100.00\% |
| 1987 | $76.40 \%$ | 11.52\% | 0.39\% | 5.15\% | 5.16\% | 1.27\% | 0.11\% | 100.00\% |
| 1988 | $75.30 \%$ | 13.63\% | 0.47\% | 4.34\% | 4.99\% | 1.13\% | 0.15\% | 100.00\% |
| 1989 | $75.79 \%$ | 13.57\% | 0.40\% | $3.94 \%$ | 4.68\% | 1.50\% | 0.12\% | 100.00\% |
| 1990 | 73.21 \% | 13.35\% | $0.43 \%$ | $3.71 \%$ | $3.66 \%$ | $5.57 \%$ | 0.07\%. | 100.00\% |
| 1991 | $74.20 \%$ | 15.27\% | 0.40\% | $3.28 \%$ | 3.43\% | $3.36 \%$ | 0.07\% | 100.00\% |
| 1992 | $74.95 \%$ | 14.88\% | 0.37\% | 3.09\% | 3.46\% | $3.20 \%$ | 0.06\% | 100.00\% |
| 1993 | $77.38 \%$ | 13.76\% | 0.29\% | 2.13\% | 2.78\% | $3.61 \%$ | 0.04\% | 100.00\% |
| 1994 | $79.20 \%$ | 12.95\% | 0.25\% | 2.03\% | 2.22\% | 3.32\% | 0.02\% | 100.00\% |
| 1995 | $79.03 \%$ | 13.41\% | 0.23\% | 1.93\% | 2.18\% | $3.20 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | 100.00\% |
| 1996 | 79.30\% | 13.56\% | 0.25\% | 1.75\% | 2.05\% | 3.09\% | 0.01\% | 100.00\% |
| 1997 | $76.78 \%$ | 15.47\% | $0.31 \%$ | 2.30\% | 2.29\% | 2.84\% | 0.02\% | $100.00 \%$. |
| 54yvisysid |  | $\text { 514 } 5$ | Percent | ncrease firon | Year to Year |  | She | 4x+6) |
| 1980 | $14.52 \%$ | $10.37 \%$ | 0.13\% | 6.96\% | 11.00\% | 0.00\% | (4.95\%) | $12.65 \%$ |
| 1981 | 8.37\% | 6.12\% | 2.81\% | (1.65\%) | (18.67\%) | 0.00\% | (16.45\%) | 5.92\% |
| 1982 | 9.48\% | 6.98\% | (9.24\%) | (7.31\%) | $28.85 \%$ | 0.00\% | (8.84\%) | 7.53\% |
| 1983 | 7.03\% | 11.05\% | (10.88\%) | (5.45\%) | $36.39 \%$ | 0.00\% | $3.31 \%$ | 7.06\% |
| 1984 | 12.16\% | 9.54\% | (7.20\%) | $3.59 \%$ | 39.10\% | 0.00\% | (17.07\%) | 11.82\% |
| 1985 | 10.28\% | 9.78\% | 11.95\% | 12.86\% | 34.56\% | 0.00\% | (26.75\%) | $11.66 \%$ |
| 1986 | 15.48\% | 5.06\% | (7.40\%) | (9.48\%) | 5.68\% | 524.03\% | 2.22\% | 12.77\% |
| 1987 | 15.04\% | 5.11\% | (3.03\%) | (5.97\%) | 17.33\% | 5.19\% | (18.21\%) | 12.38\% |
| 1988 | 15.37\% | $38.51 \%$ | 38.77\% | (1.40\%) | 13.10\% | $3.71 \%$ | 68.18\% | 17.06\% |
| 1989 | 6.14\% | 5.01\% | (8.53\%) | (4.25\%) | (1.16\%) | $40.51 \%$ | (18.99\%) | $5.46 \%$ |
| 1990 | 6.81\% | 8.79\% | 16.74\% | $4.04 \%$ | (13.36\%) | 310.09\% | (37.46\%) | 10.57\% |
| 1991 | 12.12\% | 26.51\% | 4.08\% | (2.08\%) | $3.43 \%$ | (33.25\%) | 11.10\% | 10.63\% |
| 1992 | 8.62\% | 4.77\% | (1.33\%) | 1.25\% | 8.58\% | $2.27 \%$ | (8.16\%) | 7.52\% |
| 1993 | 17.44\% | $5.21 \%$ | (10.50\%) | (21.49\%) | (8.43\%) | 28.43\% | (15.31\%) | 13.75\% |
| 1994 | 12.53\% | 3.46\% | (4.68\%) | 4.84\% | (12.45\%) | 1.09\% | (35.96\%) | 9.94\% |
| 1995 | 1.12\% | 4.98\% | (5.97\%) | (3.81\%) | (0.18\%) | (2.24\%) | (49.29\%) | 1.35\% |
| 1996 | 2.09\% | 2.83\% | 7.59\% | (7.64\%) | (4.65\%) | (1.93\%) | (55.48\%) | 1.73\% |
| 1997 | 4.02\% | $22.58 \%$ | 34.55\% | 41.06\% | 20.15\% | (1.32\%) | - $326.78 \%$ | 7.44\% |

## HISTORY OF INVESTMENT YIELDS

## (Amortized Cost)

| Year | Excluding Gain/Loss |  | on Total A Including | ssets <br> Gain/Loss | Investment Yield on Invested AssetsExcluding Gain/Loss Including Gain/Loss |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1981 | 8.46\% | --- | 3.99\% | --- | 9.11\% | --- | 4.29\% | --- |
| 1982 | 9.88\% | --- | 7.64\% | --- | 10.47\% | --- | 8.09\% | --- |
| 1983 | 9.37\% | 9.30\% | 11.14\% | 11.07\% | 9.79\% | 9.72\% | 11.64\% | 11.57\% |
| 1984 | 9.67\% | 9.58\% | 8.88\% | 8.79\% | 10.12\% | 10.03\% | 9.30\% | 9.21\% |
| 1985 | 8.89\% | 8.72\% | 16.34\% | 16.17\% | 9.27\% | 9.10\% | 17.07\% | 16.89\% |
| 1986 | 7.44\% | 7.14\% | 16.06\% | 15.74\% | 7.72\% | 7.41\% | 16.69\% | 16.35\% |
| 1987 | 6.50\% | 6.20\% | 11.90\% | 11.59\% | 6.70\% | 6.39\% | 12.28\% | 11.95\% |
| 1988 | 6.81\% | 6.55\% | 7.78\% | 7.52\% | 6.97\% | 6.70\% | 7.96\% | 7.69\% |
| 1989 | 7.06\% | 6.71\% | 11.50\% | 11.14\% | 7.21\% | 6.85\% | 11.75\% | 11.38\% |
| 1990 | 7.05\% | 6.69\% | 7.67\% | 7.31\% | 7.22\% | 6.85\% | 7.85\% | 7.48\% |
| 1991 | 6.45\% | 6.11\% | 10.53\% | 10.18\% | 6.61\% | 6.27\% | 10.80\% | 10.44\% |
| 1992 | 5.93\% | 5.56\% | 9.00\% | 8.63\% | 6.06\% | 5.69\% | 9.21\% | 8.83\% |
| 1993 | 5.14\% | 4.75\% | 11.72\% | 11.31\% | 5.23\% | 4.84\% | 11.95\% | 11.53\% |
| 1994 | 5.20\% | 4.85\% | 6.52\% | 6.17\% | 5.30\% | 4.94\% | 6.64\% | 6.28\% |
| 1995 | 5.30\% | 4.95\% | 10.79\% | 10.43\% | 5.38\% | 5.03\% | 10.96\% | 10.60\% |
| 1996 | 4.98\% | 4.62\% | 12.16\% | 11.78\% | 5.02\% | 4.66\% | 12.27\% | 11.88\% |
| 1997 | 5.16\% | $4.84 \%$ | 14.72\% | 14.38\% | 5.46\% | 5.12\% | $15.61 \%$ | 15.24\% |
| 5-Year <br> Average | 5.15\% | 4.80\% | 11.18\% | 10.81\% | 5.28\% | 4.92\% | 11.49\% | $11.10 \%$ |


| Year | Actuarial Assum. | Average Insurance Company | 30 Year <br> Treasury | 3-Month <br> Treasury Bills | Marl Investment Yield ont Tot. Assets | Value ${ }^{1}$ <br> Investment <br> Yield on <br> Inv. Assets | Actuarial Investment Yield on Tot. Assets | sset Value 1 <br> Investment Yield on lnv. Assets |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1981 | 6.00\% | 8.57\% | 13.44\% | 14.03\% | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1982 | 6.75\% | 8.91\% | 12.76\% | 10.69\% | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1983 | 6.75\% | 8.96\% | 11.18\% | 8.52\% | 34.07\% | 35.86\% | 13.70\% | 14.38\% |
| 1984 | 6.75\% | 9.45\% | 12.39\% | 9.57\% | 7.35\% | 7.68\% | 11.78\% | 12.38\% |
| 1985 | 7.00\% | 9.63\% | 10.79\% | 7.47\% | 22.41\% | 23.37\% | 19.86\% | 20.79\% |
| 1986 | 7.50\% | 9.35\% | 7.80\% | 5.97\% | 12.33\% | 12.77\% | 20.87\% | 21.70\% |
| 1987 | 7.50\% | 9.10\% | 8.59\% | 5.82\% | 3.67\% | 3.78\% | 14.17\% | 14.62\% |
| 1988 | 7.50\% | 9.03\% | 8.96\% | 6.69\% | 10.84\% | 11.09\% | 6.72\% | 6.87\% |
| 1989 | 8.00\% | 9.10\% | 8.45\% | 8.12\% | 16.95\% | 17.32\% | 11.74\% | 11.99\% |
| 1990 | 8.00\% | 8.89\% | 8.61\% | 7.51\% | 2.46\% | 2.52\% | 5.57\% | 5.69\% |
| 1991 | 8.00\% | 8.63\% | 8.14\% | 5.42\% | 19.28\% | 19.77\% | 10.80\% | 11.04\% |
| 1992 | 8.00\% | 8.08\% | 7.67\% | 3.45\% | 7.94\% | 8.11\% | 11.51\% | 11.74\% |
| 1993 | 8.00\% | 7.52\% | 6.59\% | 3.02\% | 9.81\% | 9.99\% | 12.81\% | 13.05\% |
| 1994 | 8.00\% | 7.14\% | 7.37\% | 4.29\% | -0.91\% | -0.92\% | 4.79\% | 4.87\% |
| 1995 | 8.00\% | 7.34\% | 6.05\% | 5.15\% | 23.03\% | 23.39\% | 12.91\% | 13.11\% |
| 1996 | 8.00\% | 7.17\% | 6.71\% | 5.02\% | 11.50\% | 11.59\% | 12.11\% | 12.22\% |
| 1997 | 8.00\% | N/A | 6.02\% | 5.26\% | 17.90\% | 18.13\% | 15.41\% | 15.63\% |
| 5-Year <br> Average |  | 7.45\% | 6.55\% | 4.55\% | 12.27\% | 12.43\% | 11.60\% | 11.77\% |

${ }^{1}$ Investment income is net of investment expense.
Notes: Yield $=$ Investment Income/.5(Beginning Assets + End Assets - Investment Income)
Bonds valued at amortized cost, stocks at cost. Market values considered only in Market Value section.

## 1984 Session

- Direct deposit.
- Illinois Public Employees' Pension Laws Commission abolished.


## 1985 Session

HB 398 - $1.80,2.00,2.20,2.40 \%$ benefit accrual rate for those born before January 1, 1936 and retiring after August 16, 1985.

- Reduction in age discount factor (employee and widow) from $0.5 \%$ to $0.25 \%$ for employees born before January 1, 1936 and retiring or dying in service after August 16, 1985.
- Health insurance supplement up to $\$ 25$ per month if the employee is age 65 or older with at least 15 years of service (for each employee annuitant in receipt of annuity and for each employee who retires on annuity in the future).
- Disability provisions extended to age 70 in certain cases.
- Unisex money purchase factors for widows/widowers.
- Membership provisions extended to age 70.
- Board of Education employee contribution "pick up" included in the definition of salary for contribution and benefit purposes.


## 1986 Session

HB 2630 - Cap removed on spouse maximum annuity.

- Automatic post-retirement increase to begin on first anniversary of retirement following attainment at age 60.


## 1987 Session

HB 2715 - $1.80,2.00,2.20,2.40 \%$ benefit accrual rate for those born on or after January 1, 1936 and retiring on or after January 1, 1988.

- Reduction in age discount factor (employee and widow) from $.5 \%$ to $.25 \%$ for employees born on or after January 1, 1936 and retiring or dying in service on or after January 1, 1988. No discount for employee age less than 60 if employee has at least 35 years of service.
- Minimum employee annuity of $\$ 250$ and minimum spouse annuity of $\$ 200$ under certain conditions.
- Change amount of children's benefits to $\$ 120$ or $\$ 150$ effective January $1,1988$.
- Provide for certain "Good Government" initiatives.
- Remove chronic alcoholism restriction for ordinary disability.


## 1988 Session

- No changes.

SB 95 - Signed August 23, 1989. Changed the amount of fund paid health insurance "supplement" from January 1, 1988 until December 31, 1992 to $\$ 65$ per month for each annuitant not qualified to receive Medicare benefits (and $\$ 35$ if qualified) and from January 1, 1993 until December 31, 1997 the amounts are $\$ 75$ and $\$ 45$, respectively. Widows will now be supplemented and employee annuitants will no longer be required to meet the age 65 and 15 years of service requirements. The City will be required to pay $50 \%$ of the aggregated cost of health care claims for the retired group under all health care plans offered by the City. A procedure was established for the City to determine, with the help of an independent actuary, the aggregate cost of claims and premiums for each calendar year from 1989 through 1997 for the retired group.
HB 332 - Signed August 23, 1989. Eliminated age related discriminatory provisions as required by Federal law or regulation. Provided for Age Discrimination changes effective January 1, 1988 to eliminate age 65 requirements for marriage in service and children's benefits, provided contributions after age 65 for spouse benefits, provided employee accumulation annuities be computed after age 70, provided employee and spouse accumulation annuities not be "fixed" at age 65, provided no age 70 restriction on disability benefits, provided for active members over age 65 that their accounts be "unfixed" and accumulate interest until the date of withdrawal, and provided that there be no age 70 membership limitation and removed the permitted "no spouse" refund at age 65.

- Eliminated the $\$ 300, \$ 400$ or $\$ 500$ maximum spouse annuity limitation for spouses of employees who retired before January 23, 1987 but die after January 23, 1987.
- Allow for local labor officials on a leave of absence from the Fund to contribute for their current service as a local labor official.


## 1990 Session

SB 136 - Amends Chapter 120, Paragraph 671 of the Revenue Act to provide for a separate listing on the tax bill of the dollar amount of tax due from the person assessed which is allocable to a tax levied under the Illinois Pension Code, or any other tax levied by a municipality or township for public pension or retirement purposes. Effective January 1, 1990.

- Signed January 14, 1991. Beginning for withdrawals on or after January 1, 1991, annuity payments will be made as of the first day of the calendar month during the annuity payment period.
- $2.2 \%$ benefit accrual rate for employees retiring on or after July $1,1990$.
- No discount for employee age less than 60 if employee has at least 30 years of service and retires on or after July 1, 1990.
- Minimum employee annuity of $\$ 350$ and minimum spouse of $\$ 300$ under certain conditions.
- Spouses and widows of employees retiring or dying in service on or after July 1, 1990 with 20 or more years of service at age 55 or over will be eligible for half of the employee's annuity discounted $.25 \%$ for each month the spouse or widow is less than 55.
- Retroactive eligibility for 35 years no discount and spouse and widow annuities computed as half of employee annuity.
- Refund in lieu of $\$ 300$ annuity.
- Disability benefit retroactive one year from application; duty disability deductions in lieu for heart attack or stroke; $10 \%$ increase in duty disability benefit January 1 of the sixth year.
- Collateral for securities lending expanded.
- Fractional payment for refund repayment and temporary service authorized. Credit established by fractional payment shall be earliest service for which credit may be established.


## 1991 Session

- No changes.


## 1992 Session

SB 1650 - Signed January 25, 1993.

- Transfer provisions for County elected officers and judges.
- Early Retirement Incentive was created for withdrawals from December 31, 1992 to June 30, 1993.
- Requires a total of 20 years of service (with at least 10 in this fund, and up to 5 purchased under ERI).
- Requires age 55 or older.
- Requires an election form to be filed before June 1, 1993. if
- Requires a member to be a current contributor on November 1, 1992 and have not previously retired under this Article.
- Provides for elimination of the age discount for employees 55-60.
- Provides for $80 \%$ maximum final average salary compared to the present $75 \%$.
- Provides for an optional purchase of up to 5 years of service credit for $4.25 \%$ of the November 1, 1992 salary.
- Provides for a 24 -month option to pay for ERI service.
- Provides for a tax levy derived from ERI contributions.


## 1993 Session

- No changes.


## 1994 Session

- No changes.


## 1995 Session

SB 114 - Approved July 14, 1995.

- The amount of earnings that may be taken into account by any retirement system is limited to the maximum dollar limitation specified in Section 401(a)(17) of the Internal Revenue Code, except for persons who became participants before 1996.
- The Fund is authorized to make certain involuntary distributions required by Section 401(a)(9) of the Internal Revenue Code.


## LEGISLATIVE CHANGES

- Approved July 7, 1995.
- The Pension Laws Commission was created as a legislative support services agency.


## 1996 Session

SBJPA - On August 20, 1996 the Small Business Job Protection Act was signed by President Clinton.

- Treatment of governmental plans under Code Section 415:
- Rule limiting annual benefit to $100 \%$ of the average of the highest 3 year compensation no longer applies.
- Excess benefit plans are permitted to provide participants with benefits in excess of the Code Section 415 limits.
- Early retirement reduction does not apply to certain survivor and disability benefits.
- The definition of compensation now includes elective deferrals.
- Taxation of distributions:
- $\$ 5,000$ death benefit exclusion was repealed for deaths after August 20, 1996.
- 5 year averaging for lump sum distributions was repealed effective January $1,2000$.
- Annuity payments will be taxed according to a simplified general rule which uses investment and age as of annuity starting date for annuities which start on or after November 19, 1996.


## 1997 Session

HB 15 - Approved June 27, 1997.

- For withdrawals from service occurring on or after July 1, 1990, an alternate method of calculating salary using the annual equivalent of average salary instead of the salary rate applicable for the greatest part of the year is allowed.
- Annuities effective on or after January 1, 1998 will be payable on the first day of the calendar month.
- The prudent person rule for investing is allowed.
- An eligible employee is allowed to contribute for all periods of temporary service while still in City service, for up to 90 days after withdrawal from City service, or while in reciprocal service.
- The Board is allowed to adopt rules prescribing the manner of repaying refunds and purchasing any optionai credit including accepting roilovers for payments.
- The City is allowed to use deposits from any legal source (including borrowing) in lieu of all or part of the tax levy on or after June 27, 1997.
- The requirement that any person employed by a retirement board of any other annuity and benefit fund in the City apply for participation in the fund is eliminated.
- Payment is allowed for service as a police officer, firefighter, or public school teacher in the City.

HB 313 - Approved June 27, 1997.

- For withdrawals from service occurring on or after June 27, 1997, an employee (and spouse) age 50 or over with at least 30 years of service is eligible to receive an annuity based on the minimum annuity formula.
- For withdrawals from service occurring on or after June 27, 1997, an employee under age 60 with at least 25 years of service is not subject to an age discount
- The spouse of an employee dying on or after June 27, 1997, while receiving an annuity is eligible for one half of the employee's annuity at death, discounted for the spouse's age under 55 at the time of employee's death.
- Beginning June 27, 1997, employees already receiving annuity will receive a minimum annuity of $\$ 550$ for life (reciprocal annuitants must have at least 5 years of Laborers' service). Any future employee annuitant withdrawing from service after attainment of age 60 with 10 or more years of service would qualify for this minimum.
- Beginning June 27, 1997, widow(er)s already receiving annuity will receive a minimum annuity of $\$ 500$ for life (reciprocal annuitants must have at least 5 years of Laborers' service). For future spouses of retirees, 10 years of service is required. For spouses of employees dying in service in the future, 5 years of service is required.
- Beginning June 27, 1997, the child's annuity will be increased to $\$ 220$ per month if the spouse of the deceased employee parent survives or $\$ 250$ per month if no such spouse survives.
- Coverage in the City group health insurance is extended through June 30, 2002, with some modification in the plans offered. Pension fund supplement remains $\$ 45$ and $\$ 75$ for Medicare eligible and non-Medicare eligible annuitants respectively.

HB 1641 - Approved August 22, 1997.

- Beginning August 22, 1997, for spouses of employees who retired or died in service before January 23, 1987, the previous $\$ 300$, $\$ 400$, or $\$ 500$ maximum spouse annuity limitation is removed. If an excess spouse refund was paid, it must be repaid with interest.
- Service paid under Section 11-221 can be counted for ordinary disability purposes for periods of disability on or after August 22, 1997.
- Early Retirement Incentive was created for withdrawals from December 31, 1997 to June 30, 1998.
- Requires a total of 20 years of service (with at least 10 in this fund, up to 5 in a Reciprocal fund, and up to 5 purchased under ERI) and age 55 or older.
- Requires a total of 30 years of service (with at least 10 years of that service in this fund and without including any service purchased under the ERI provisions) and age 50 or older.
- Requires an election form to be filed before June 1, 1998.
- Requires a member to be a current contributor on November 1, 1997 and have not previously retired under this Article.
- Provides for elimination of the age discount for employees age 55 to 60 .
- Provides for $80 \%$ maximum final average salary compared to the present $75 \%$.
- Provides for an optional purchase of up to 5 years of service credit for $4.25 \%$ of the November 1, 1997 salary.
- Provides for a 24 month option to pay for ERI service.
- Provides for a tax levy derived from ERI contributions.


## HISTORY OF RECOMMENDED EMPLOYER MULTIPLES <br> AND TAXES LEVIED

| Year of R | Statutory Multiple | Normal Cost Plus Interest | Normal Cost Plus 40 Year Amortization | Normal Cost <br> Plus 40 Year <br> $\%$ of Salary <br> Amortization |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1982 a,b | 1.37 | 1.34 | 1.40 | 1.03 |
| 1983 a,b | 1.37 | 1.54 | 1.60 | 1.21 |
| 1984 | 1.37 | 1.58 | 1.63 | 1.30 |
| $1985{ }^{\text {b }}$ | 1.37 | 1.60 | 1.64 | 1.33 |
| $1986{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1.37 | 0.99 | 1.00 | 0.94 |
| $1987{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1.37 | 1.13 | 1.15 | 1.03 |
| 1988 | 1.37 | 1.03 | 1.04 | 0.98 |
| 1989 a, b | 1.37 | 0.56 | 0.56 | 0.56 |
| 1990 a, b | 1.37 | 1.01 | 1.02 | 0.93 |
| 1991 | 1.37 | 0.93 | 0.94 | 0.90 |
| 1992 b | 1.37 | 0.80 | 0.80 | 0.80 |
| $1993{ }^{\text {b }}$ | 1.37 | 0.83 | 0.83 | 0.83 |
| 1994 a,b | 1.37 | 0.64 | 0.64 | 0.64 |
| $1995{ }^{\text {b }}$ | 1.37 | 0.75 | 0.75 | 0.75 |
| 1996 | 1.37 | 0.66 | 0.66 | 0.66 |
| 1997 a,b,c | 1.37 | N/A | N/A | N/A |

${ }^{\text {a }}$ Change in actuarial assumptions. ${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Change in benefits. ${ }^{\mathrm{c}}$ Change in asset valuation method to GASB.
${ }^{\text {a }}$ No employer contribution is required under these valuation methods.

| Tax Levy Year | City |  |  | Park: |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1982 | \$ | 13,073,000 | \$ | 27,000 |
| 1983 |  | 14,231,000 |  | 29,000 |
| 1984 |  | 15,606,000 |  | 32,000 |
| 1985 |  | 15,618,000 |  | 29,000 |
| 1986 |  | 15,373,000 |  | 25,000 |
| 1987 |  | 15,260,000 |  | 21,000 |
| 1988 |  | 15,380,000 |  | 20,000 |
| 1989 |  | 15,442,000 |  | 14,000 |
| 1990 |  | 15,261,000 |  | 12,000 |
| 1991 |  | 16,382,000 |  | 10,000 |
| 1992 |  | 16,835,000 |  | 11,000 |
| 1993 |  | 18,036,000 |  | 11,000 |
| 1994 |  | 17,069,000 |  | 12,000 |
| 1995 |  | 18,726,000 |  | 9,500 |
| 1996 |  | 20,037,300 |  | 6,900 |
| 1997 |  | 19,645,400 |  | 4,300 |
| 1998 |  | 19,762,000 |  | N/A |

History of Change in Unfunded Liability

| Wear |  | Investment Contribution |  | Amendments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1982 | \$ 13,090,805 | \$ (4,232,954) | \$ $(249,949)$ | \$ 0 |  |
| 1983 | 4,185,219 | $(12,540,094)$ | $(805,111)$ | 28,057,130 | HB 380, HB 1144 |
| 1984 | $(13,893,652)$ | $(6,915,903)$ | $(708,947)$ | 0 |  |
| 1985 | $(20,313,749)$ | $(33,560,632)$ | $(404,023)$ | 17,491,073 | HB 398 |
| 1986 | 5,125,287 | $(38,156,363)$ | (1,490,690) | 15,144,096 | HB 2630 |
| 1987 | $(4,287,957)$ | $(21,518,841)$ | $(6,348,853)$ | 29,787,872 | HB 2715 |
| 1988 | $(17,739,334)$ | $(1,525,244)$ | $(4,261,332)$ | 0 |  |
| 1989 | 15,101,648 | $(23,284,941)$ | $(6,570,202)$ | 20,350,471 | SB 95, HB 332 |
| 1990 | $(5,117,094)$ | 2,118,850 | $(12,015,013)$ | 42,423,925 | SB 1951 |
| 1991 | 4,169,961 | $(14,867,104)$ | $(6,632,943)$ | 341,496 | SB 1951, |
| 1992 | $(18,990,267)$ | $(7,386,966)$ | $(6,577,262)$ | 0 |  |
| 1993 | 7,962,153 | $(26,152,154)$ | $(12,818,511)$ | 17,246,336 | SB 1650 |
| 1994 | $(5,006,319)$ | 15,775,880 | $(9,930,961)$ | 0 |  |
| 1995 | $(27,371,677)$ | $(21,760,538)$ | $(12,471,281)$ | 0 |  |
| 1996 | 6,691,153 | $(36,656,357)$ | $(13,139,522)$ | 0 |  |
| 1997 | $(40,624,317)$ | (14,097,083) | $(13,116,981)$ | 71,798,312 | HB 15, HB 313, HB 1641 |
| Totals | \$ (97,018,140) | \$ $(244,760,444)$ | \$ $(107,541,581)$ | \$ 242,640,711 | ¢ $\quad$, |



[^8]Actuarial Accrued and Unfunded Liabilities (Book Value)

| Year <br> End |  | Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) |  | Assets at Amortized Cost | Funded Ratio |  | Unfunded AAL (Surplus) |  | Payroll | Unfunded AAL as \% Payroll (Surplus) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1980 | \$ | 345,364,820 | \$ | 238,242,772 | 69.00\% | \$ | 107,122,048 | , | 105,825,264 | 101.20\% |
| 1981 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  | 367,980,498 |  | 254,234,605 | 69.10\% |  | 113,745,893 |  | 108,854,496 | 104.50\% |
| $1982^{\text {a,b }}$ |  | 391,353,993 |  | 281,708,565 | 72.00\% |  | 109,645,428 |  | 118,054,512 | 92.90\% |
| $1983{ }^{\text {a,b }}$ |  | 444,711,069 |  | 321,404,079 | 72.30\% |  | 123,306,990 |  | 134,293,920 | 91.80\% |
| 1984 |  | 462,455,964 |  | 356,809,111 | 77.20\% |  | 105,646,853 |  | 131,355,840 | 80.40\% |
| $1985{ }^{\text {b }}$ |  | 495,844,974 |  | 420,554,173 | 84.80\% |  | 75,290,801 |  | 131,327,856 | 57.30\% |
| 1986 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  | 507,984,848 |  | 489,403,006 | 96.30\% |  | 18,581,842 |  | 125,594,688 | 14.80\% |
| $1987^{\text {a }}$ |  | 583,284,026 |  | 546,947,052 | 93.80\% |  | 36,336,974 |  | 128,601,816 | 28.30\% |
| 1988 |  | 604,440,661 |  | 584,899,234 | 96.80\% |  | 19,541,427 |  | 135,453,096 | 14.40\% |
| 1989a, b |  | 633,894,540 |  | 646,313,443 | 102.00\% |  | $(12,418,903)$ |  | 132,685,608 | (9.40\%) |
| 1990a, b |  | 716,604,604 |  | 687,103,206 | 95.90\% |  | 29,501,398 |  | 142,024,296 | 20.80\% |
| 1991 |  | 761,056,602 |  | 746,260,920 | 98.10\% |  | 14,795,682 |  | 145,612,704 | 10.20\% |
| $1992{ }^{\text {b }}$ |  | 777,385,162 |  | 797,641,186 | 102.60\% |  | $(20,256,024)$ |  | 149,054,136 | (13.60\%) |
| $1993{ }^{\text {b }}$ |  | 847,293,445 |  | 871,897,213 | 102.90\% |  | $(24,603,768)$ |  | 141,618,648 | (17.40\%) |
| 1994 a,b |  | 866,493,209 |  | 905,389,874 | 104.50\% |  | $(38,896,665)$ |  | 155,213,016 | (25.10\%) |
| $1995{ }^{\text {b }}$ |  | 890,375,387 |  | 979,038,393 | 110.00\% |  | $(88,663,006)$ |  | 152,996,856 | (58.00\%) |
| 1996 |  | 936,623,719 |  | 1,074,699,269 | 114.70\% |  | $(138,075,550)$ |  | 162,276,840 | (85.10\%) |
| 1997 a, b | \$ | 1,040,650,534 | \$ | 1,204,439,298 | 115.70\% | \$ | $(163,788,764)$ |  | 171,175,944 | (95.70\%) |

Solvency (Termination) Test (Book Value)


[^9]
## Pension Benefit Obligation (PBO)

|  |  | $1996$ |  | $1997$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| APV of Credited Projected Benefits |  |  |  |  |
| Payable to Retirees and Beneficiaries | \$ | 405,010,948 | \$ | 455,856,814 |
| Current Employees: |  |  |  |  |
| Accumulated Employee Contributions |  | 187,040,430 |  | 199,007,766 |
| Payable to "Vested" and "Non-vested" Employees |  | 241,821,851 |  | 278,221,581 |
| Total APV |  | 833,873,229 |  | 933,086,161 |
| Net Assets Available for Benefits, Actuarial Assets |  | 1,172,316,925 |  | 1,328,085,799 |
| Unfunded (Assets in Excess of) APV of Credited | \$ | $(338,443,695)$ | \$ | $(394,999,637)$ |
| Projected Benefits |  |  |  |  |
| Percentage Funded |  | 140.59\% |  | $142.33 \%$ |
| Unfunded APV as Percent of Payroll |  | (208.56)\% |  | (230.76)\% |
| Payroll | \$ | 162,276,840 | \$ | 171,175,944 |

## GASB DISCLOSURE

## Plan Description

Any employee of the City of Chicago or the Board of Education employed under the provisions of the municipal personnel ordinance as labor service or any person employed by a retirement board of any annuity and benefit fund in the City is covered by the Laborers' Retirement Board Employees' Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago (Laborers' Plan) which is a defined benefit single employer pension plan with a defined contribution minimum. Although this is a single employer plan, the defined benefits, as well as the employer and employee contribution levels, are mandated in Illinois State Statutes (Chapter 40, Pensions, Article 5/11) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The City of Chicago accounts for the plan as a pension trust fund. The City of Chicago payroll for employees covered by the Laborers' Plan for the year ended December 31, 1997 was $\$ 171,175,944$. At December 31, 1997 the Laborers' Plan membership consisted of:
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits (includes disabilities) 4,088
Terminated employees entitled to benefits or a refund of contributions but not yet receiving them ..... 1,731
Current employees ..... 3,876

The Laborers' Fund provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Employees age 55 or more with at least 10 years of service are entitled to receive a money purchase annuity with partial City contributions if under age 60 with less than 20 years of service. Employees age 55 or more with at least 20 years of service are entitled to receive a minimum formula annuity of $2.2 \%$ per year service times the final average salary (highest average annual salary for any 4 consecutive years within the last 10 years of service immediately preceding the date of retirement). If the employee retires prior to age 60 , the annuity shall be reduced by $1 / 4$ of $1 \%$ for each month the employee is under age 60 if the employee has less than 30 years of service. The original annuity is limited to $75 \%$ of the highest average annual salary. The monthly annuity is increased by $3 \%$ of the original annuity at the first payment date following the later of age 60 or the first anniversary of retirement, and by $3 \%$ of the original annuity annually thereafter.

Covered employees are required to contribute $8.5 \%$ of their salary to the Laborers' Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment without qualifying for an annuity, accumulated contributions are refunded with interest ( $3 \%$ or $4 \%$ depending on when employee became a participant). The City of Chicago is required by state statutes to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the requirements of the fund. It is required to levy a tax at a rate not more than an amount equal to the total amount of contributions by the employees to the fund made in the calendar year two years prior to the year for which the annual applicable tax is levied, multiplied by 1.37 annually.

| GASB Disclosure |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Actuarial Valuation Date | December 31, 1997 |
| Actuarial Cost Method | Entry Age Normal |
| Amortization Method | Level Dollar |
| Amortization Period | 40 Years (Open period) |
| Actuarial Asset Valuation Method | 5 Year Average Smoothed Market |
| Actuarial Assumptions: |  |
| $\quad$ Investment Rate of Return | $8.0 \%$ |
| Projected Salary Increases |  |
| $\quad$ Inflation | $3.0 \%$ |
| $\quad$ Seniority Merit | $2.0 \%$ |
| Post Retirement Benefit Increases | $3.0 \%$ per year for employee annuitants |
|  | beginning at age 60 |

Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)

| Actuarial Accrued Liability(AAL) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Payable to Retirees and Beneficiaries | \$ | 405,010,948 | \$ | 455,856,814 |
| Current Employees: |  |  |  |  |
| Accumulated Employee Contributions including statutory interest |  | 187,040,430 |  | 199,007,766 |
| Payable to Vested and Non-Vested Employees (not split) |  | 344,572,341 |  | 385,785,954 |
| Total Actuarial Accrued Liability |  | 936,623,719 |  | 1,040,650,534 |
| Net Plan Actuarial Assets, GASB values |  | 1,172,316,925 |  | 1,328,085,799 |
| Unfunded AAL (in Excess of AAL) | \$ | $(235,693,205)$ | \$ | $(287,435,265)$ |
| Percentage Funded |  | 125.16\% |  | 127.62\% |
| Unfunded AAL as Percent of Payroll |  | (145.24)\% |  | (167.92)\% |
| Payroll | \$ | 162,276,840 | \$ | 171,175,944 |

## GASB DISCLOSURE

## Schedule of Employer Contributions

| Schedule of Employer Contributions |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Contribution multiplier |  | 1.37 |  | 1.37 |
| City of Chicago contribution, net of reserve for loss in tax collection ${ }^{1}$ | \$ | 19,623,717 | \$ | 19,328,981 |
| City of Chicago contribution as a percent of covered payroll |  | 12.83\% |  | 11.91\% |
| Employee contributions | \$ | 14,856,703 |  | 15,332,208 |
| Employee contributions as a percent of covered payroll |  | 9.71\% |  | 9.45\% |
| Annual Actuarial Requirement | \$ | 7,389,940 | \$ | 2,525,068 |
| Actuarial Requirement as a percent of covered payroll |  | 4.83\% |  | 1.56\% |
| Current year normal cost | \$ | 21,340,898 | \$ | 21,544,208 |
| Normal cost as a percent of covered payroll |  | 13.95\% |  | 13.28\% |
| 40 year level dollar amortization of the unfunded liability | \$ | 0 | \$ | 0 |
| 40 year level dollar amortization as a percent of covered payroll |  | 0.00\% |  | 0.00\% |

[^10]For the year 1997 (based on a 1997 multiple of 1.37) the City contributed (after tax levy losses of 4\%) $\$ 19,328,981$ or $11.91 \%$ of payroll. For 1997, the employee contributions were $\$ 15,332,208$ or $9.45 \%$ of payroll. As the Annual Required Contribution was Not Applicable, there was an excess of contributions over payroll of $19.80 \%$ or $\$ 32,136,120$.

It is estimated for 1998 that the contributions will be enough to meet (and exceed) the Annual Required Contribution.

Schedule of Funding Progress Restated to Actuarial Asset Values for GASB No. 25

| Year |  | Actuarial Assets |  | Actuarial Accrued Liability (A. IL) | Percentag Funded |  | Unfunded AAL (Surplus) |  | Annual <br> Covered <br> Payroll | UAAL (Surplus) as a \% of Payroll |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1985{ }^{\text {b }}$ | \$ | 425,851,845 | \$ | 495,844,974 | 85.88\% | \$ | 69,993,129 |  | 131,327,856 | 53.30\% |
| $1986{ }^{\text {a }}$ |  | 517,040,712 |  | 507,984,848 | 101.78\% |  | $(9,055,864)$ |  | 125,594,688 | (7.21\%) |
| $1987{ }^{\text {a }}$ |  | 571,065,219 |  | 583,284,026 | 97.91\% |  | 12,218,807 |  | 128,601,816 | 9.50\% |
| 1988 |  | 606,321,849 |  | 604,440,661 | 100.31\% |  | $(1,881,188)$ |  | 135,453,096 | (1.39\%) |
| 1989 a,b |  | 671,449,305 |  | 633,894,540 | 105.92\% |  | $(37,554,765)$ |  | 132,685,608 | (28.30\%) |
| $1990{ }^{\text {a,b }}$ |  | 705,841,707 |  | 716,604,604 | 98.50\% |  | 10,762,897 |  | 142,024,296 | 7.58\% |
| 1991 |  | 772,520,978 |  | 761,056,602 | $101.51 \%$ |  | (11,464,376) |  | 145,612,704 | (7.87\%) |
| $1992{ }^{\text {b }}$ |  | 844,916,889 |  | 777,385,162 | 108.69\% |  | $(67,531,727)$ |  | 149,054,136 | (45.31\%) |
| $1993{ }^{\text {b }}$ |  | 937,094,502 |  | 847,293,445 | 110.60\% |  | $(89,801,057)$ |  | 141,618,648 | (63.41\%) |
| $1994{ }^{\text {a,b }}$ |  | 960,327,842 |  | 866,493,209 | 110.83\% |  | $(93,834,633)$ |  | 155,213,016 | (60.46\%) |
| $1995{ }^{\text {b }}$ |  | 1,063,261,239 |  | 890,375,387 | 119.42\% |  | $(172,885,852)$ |  | 152,996,856 | (113.00\%) |
| 1996 |  | 1,172,316,925 |  | 936,623,719 | 125.16\% |  | $(235,693,206)$ |  | 162,276,840 | (145.24\%) |
| $1997{ }^{\text {a,b }}$ | \$ | 1,328,085,799 | \$ | 1,040,650,534 | 127.62\% |  | $(287,435,264)$ |  | 171,175,944 | (167.92\%) |

${ }^{\mathrm{a}}$ Change in actuarial assumptions. ${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Change in benefits.

## Employer Required Contributions

| Year | Actuarial Required Contribution ${ }^{1,2}$ (ARC) |  |  | Required Statutory Basis. 3 |  |  | ictual ${ }^{4}$ | Percent of ARC Contributed |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1986 | \$ | 14,190,554 | \$ | 14,765,250 |  | \$ | 14,765,250 | 104.05\% |
| 1987 |  | 7,123,405 |  | 14,659,550 |  |  | 14,745,709 | 207.00\% |
| 1988 |  | 9,276,456 |  | 14,784,800 |  |  | 15,157,663 | 163.40\% |
| 1989 |  | 8,290,572 |  | 14,843,700 |  |  | 15,257,738 | 184.04\% |
| 1990 |  | 2,717,433 |  | 14,668,000 |  |  | 17,029,493 | 626.68\% |
| 1991 |  | 9,159,274 |  | 15,736,320 |  |  | 15,989,678 | 174.57\% |
| 1992 |  | 7,987,976 |  | 16,172,160 |  |  | 16,574,721 | 207.50\% |
| 1993 |  | 2,774,135 |  | 17,278,850 |  |  | 17,734,532 | 639.28\% |
| 1994 |  | 1,568,675 |  | 16,346,450 |  |  | 16,954,372 | 1080.81\% |
| 1995 |  | 0 |  | 17,976,768 |  |  | 18,311,622 | N/A |
| 1996 |  | 0 |  | 19,242,432 |  |  | 19,623,717 | N/A |
| 1997 | \$ | 0 | \$ | 18,863,712 |  | \$ | 19,328,981 | N/A |

${ }_{1}$ Restated to actuarial asset value and adjusted for full funding.
2 ARC is the Actuarial Required Employer Contribution, restated to Normal Cost plus 40 year amortization. Normal cost plus 40 year amortization has been adjusted to accommodate negative amortization as defined in GASB 25. Negative ARC values are eliminated, and ARC is set to zero.
3 Tax levy after $4 \%$ overall loss.
4 Net tax levy plus miscellaneous. Includes prior year adjustments for taxes beginning in 1991.

## Trend Information

|  | Assets A vailable for Benefits as a \% of Actuarial Accrued Liability | Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (Surplus) as a \% of Covered Payroll End of Year | Employer Contributions as a \% of Covered Payroll Beginning ofyear |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1986 | 101.78\% | (7.21)\% | 0.00\% |
| 1987 | 97.91\% | 9.50\% | 11.74\% |
| 1988 | 100.31\% | (1.39) \% | 11.79\% |
| 1989 | 105.92\% | (28.30)\% | 11.26\% |
| 1990 | 98.50\% | 7.58\% | 12.83\% |
| 1991 | 101.51\% | (7.87)\% | 11.26\% |
| 1992 | 108.69\% | (45.31)\% | 11.38\% |
| 1993 | 110.60\% | (63.41)\% | 11.90\% |
| 1994 | 110.83\% | (60.46)\% | 11.97\% |
| 1995 | 119.42\% | (113.00)\% | 11.80\% |
| 1996 | 125.16\% | (145.24)\% | 12.83\% |
| 1997 | 127.62\% | (167.92)\% | 11.91\% |

Annual Actuarial Requirements (Actuarial Asset Values)

| Y | A |  | B |  |  |  | D | St A | B | C | D |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Normal Cost |  | NC Plus Interest |  | Plus GASB 40 -Year ortization |  | NC Plus creasing \% of Salary |  | Expr <br> centage <br> Beginn | as a <br> lary Y <br> Year |  |
| $1987{ }^{\text {a }}$ | \$ 18,826,921 | \$ | 18,171,852 | \$ | 18,133,421 | \$ | 18,410,399 | 14.99\% | 14.47\% | 14.44\% | 14.66\% |
| $1988{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 20,008,465 |  | 20,892,329 |  | 20,944,184 |  | 20,570,466 | 15.56\% | 16.25\% | 16.29\% | 16.00\% |
| 1989 | 19,803,585 |  | 19,658,771 |  | 19,651,783 |  | 19,710,637 | 14.62\% | 14.51\% | 14.51\% | 14.55\% |
| $1990{ }^{\text {a,b }}$ | 17,819,965 |  | 14,929,002 |  | 14,789,498 |  | 15,964,410 | 13.43\% | 11.25\% | 11.15\% | 12.03\% |
| $1991{ }^{\text {a, }}$ | 20,777,427 |  | 21,605,954 |  | 21,645,935 |  | 21,309,214 | 14.63\% | 15.21\% | 15.24\% | 15.00\% |
| 1992 | 21,637,649 |  | 20,755,122 |  | 20,712,536 |  | 21,071,202 | 14.86\% | 14.25\% | 14.22\% | 14.47\% |
| 1993 b | 20,261,167 |  | 15,062,580 |  | 14,811,720 |  | 16,924,471 | 13.59\% | 10.11\% | 9.94\% | 11.35\% |
| 1994 a | 21,316,661 |  | 14,403,782 |  | 14,070,199 |  | 16,879,653 | 15.05\% | 10.17\% | 9.94\% | 11.92\% |
| 1995 a | 20,451,183 |  | 13,227,800 |  | 12,879,233 |  | 15,814,878 | 13.18\% | 8.52\% | 8.30\% | 10.19\% |
| 1996 | 21,340,898 |  | 8,032,158 |  | 7,389,940 |  | 12,798,727 | 13.95\% | 5.25\% | 4.83\% | 8.37\% |
| 1997 | 21,544,208 |  | 3,400,537 |  | 2,525,068 |  | 9,898,787 | 13.28\% | 2.10\% | 1.56\% | 6.10\% |
| $1998{ }^{\text {a,b }}$ | \$ 21,761,436 | \$ | $(365,341)$ | \$ | $(1,433,003)$ | \$ | 7,559,480 | 12.71\% | (0.21)\% | (0.84)\% | 4.42\% |

Actual Employer and Employee Contribution

|  | $\overline{\mathrm{E}}$ | $\overline{\mathrm{F}}$ | $\mathrm{E}$ | $\overline{\mathrm{F}}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Employer (plus misc.) | Total Employee | Expressed as Salary Begi | ntage of Year |
| 1987 | \$ 14,745,709 | \$ 11,774,209 | 11.74\% | 9.37\% |
| 1988 | 15,157,663 | 11,740,621 | 11.79\% | 9.13\% |
| 1989 | 15,257,738 | 12,529,606 | 11.26\% | 9.25\% |
| 1990 | 17,029,493 | 12,805,486 | 12.83\% | 9.65\% |
| 1991 | 15,989,678 | 13,691,711 | 11.26\% | 9.64\% |
| 1992 | 16,574,721 | 13,025,003 | 11.38\% | 8.94\% |
| 1993 | 17,734,532 | 15,345,146 | 11.90\% | 10.30\% |
| 1994 | 16,954,732 | 14,293,250 | 11.97\% | 10.09\% |
| 1995 | 18,311,622 | 14,610,842 | 11.80\% | 9.41\% |
| 1996 | 19,623,717 | 14,856,703 | 12.83\% | 9.71\% |
| 1997 | 19,328,981 | 15,332,208 | 11.91\% | 9.45\% |
| 1998 est | \$ 18,971,520 | \$ 15,405,835 | 11.08\% | 9.00\% |

## Deficiency (Excess) in Annual Contribution

|  | H |  |  |  | G |  | I |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | NC Plus Interest | NC Plus GASB40-Year, NC PlusAmortization |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1987 | \$ (0,348,066) | \$ $(8,386,497)$ | \$ | $(0,109,519)$ | (6.65)\% | (6.68)\% | (6.46)\% |
| $1988{ }^{\text {a }}$ | $(6,005,955)$ | $(5,954,100)$ |  | $(6,327,818)$ | (4.67)\% | (4.63) \% | (4.92)\% |
| 1989 | $(8,128,573)$ | $(8,135,561)$ |  | $(8,076,707)$ | (6.00)\% | (6.01)\% | (5.96)\% |
| $1990{ }_{\text {a,b }}^{\text {a,b }}$ | $(14,905,977)$ | $(15,045,481)$ |  | $(13,870,569)$ | (11.23)\% | (11.34)\% | (10.45)\% |
| $1991{ }^{\text {a, }}$ | $(8,075,435)$ | $(8,035,454)$ |  | $(8,372,175)$ | (5.69)\% | (5.66)\% | (5.89)\% |
| 1992 b | $(8,844,602)$ | $(8,887,188)$ |  | $(8,528,522)$ | (6.07)\% | (6.10)\% | (5.86)\% |
| 1993 | $(18,017,098)$ | $(18,267,958)$ |  | (16,155,207) | (12.09)\% | (12.26)\% | (10.84)\% |
| $1994{ }^{\text {b }}$ | $(16,844,200)$ | $(17,177,783)$ |  | $(14,368,329)$ | (11.89)\% | (12.13)\% | (10.15)\% |
| $1995{ }^{\text {a }, \mathrm{b}}$ | $(19,694,664)$ | $(20,043,231)$ |  | $(17,107,586)$ | (12.69)\% | (12.91)\% | (11.02)\% |
| 1996 | $(26,448,262)$ | $(27,090,480)$ |  | $(21,681,693)$ | (17.29)\% | (17.71)\% | (14.17)\% |
| 1997 | $(31,260,651)$ | $(32,136,120)$ |  | $(24,762,401)$ | (19.26)\% | (19.80)\% | (15.26)\% |
| 1998 est | \$ (34,377,355) | \$ (34,377, 355 ) |  | $(26,817,875)$ | (20.08)\% | (20.08)\% | (15.67)\% |

[^11]
## GASB DISCLOSURE

History of Financial Information

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1979 | \$ 9,571,764 | \$ 11,108,298 | \$ 13,547,589 | \$ | 34,227,651 |
| 1980 | 9,729,912 | 11,791,330 | 12,626,861 |  | 34,148,103 |
| 1981 | 10,522,389 | 12,392,694 | 9,631,793 |  | 32,546,876 |
| 1982 | 11,546,286 | 12,589,417 | 19,729,269 |  | 43,864,972 |
| 1983 | 11,608,537 | 13,681,225 | 31,809,924 |  | 57,099,686 |
| 1984 | 11,531,243 | 14,996,619 | 28,832,621 |  | 55,360,483 |
| 1985 | 11,569,775 | 15,035,039 | 58,720,209 |  | 85,325,023 |
| 1986 | 11,691,095 | 14,765,250 | 67,653,382 |  | 94,109,727 |
| 1987 | 11,774,209 | 14,745,709 | 58,220,924 |  | 84,740,842 |
| 1988 | 11,740,621 | 15,157,663 | 42,386,313 |  | 69,284,597 |
| 1989 | 12,529,606 | 15,257,738 | 66,965,633 |  | 94,752,977 |
| 1990 | 12,805,485 | 17,029,493 | 49,265,200 |  | 79,100,178 |
| 1991 | 13,691,711 | 15,989,678 | 71,677,465 |  | 101,358,854 |
| 1992 | 13,025,003 | 16,574,721 | 66,508,987 |  | 96,108,711 |
| 1993 | 15,345,146 | 17,734,532 | 92,440,444 |  | 125,520,122 |
| 1994 | 14,293,250 | 16,954,372 | 56,083,250 |  | 87,330,872 |
| 1995 | 14,610,842 | 18,311,622 | 96,491,994 |  | 129,414,458 |
| 1996 | 14,856,703 | 19,623,717 | 117,752,240 |  | 152,232,660 |
| $1997{ }^{4}$ | \$15,332,208 | \$ 19,328,981 | \$ 156,275,504 | \$ | 190,936,693 |

[^12]| Year |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1979 | \$ 10,795,166 | \$ 438,914 | \$ 2,821,593 | \$ 14,055,673 | \$ 20,171,978 |
| 1980 | 12,161,292 | 440,591 | 4,195,056 | 16,796,939 | 17,351,164 |
| 1981 | 12,880,890 | 640,795 | 3,074,561 | 16,596,246 | 15,950,630 |
| 1982 | 13,851,434 | 626,772 | 1,860,636 | 16,338,842 | 27,526,130 |
| 1983 | 14,828,962 | 641,349 | 1,936,538 | 17,406,849 | 39,692,837 |
| 1984 | 16,582,310 | 766,485 | 3,124,454 | 20,473,249 | 34,887,234 |
| 1985 | 18,516,249 | 1,266,552 | 2,273,021 | 22,055,822 | 63,269,201 |
| 1986 | 20,881,472 | 2,006,912 | 2,886,317 | 25,774,701 | 68,335,026 |
| 1987 | 23,465,597 | 2,223,312 | 2,012,475 | 27,701,384 | 57,039,458 |
| 1988 | 27,467;689 | 2,264,746 | 1,756,290 | 31,488,725 | 37,795,872 |
| 1989 | 28,966,184 | 2,973,149 | 1,832,628 | 33,771,961 | 60,981,016 |
| 1990 | 32,029,184 | 3,340,152 | 3,064,232 | 38,433,568 | 40,666,610 |
| 1991 | 35,435,437 | 3,414,439 | 3,351,263 | 42,201,139 | 59,157,715 |
| 1992 | 38,101,275 | 3,911,716 | 2,715,455 | 44,728,446 | 51,380,265 |
| 1993 | 43,341,553 | 4,307,840 | 3,614,702 | 51,264,095 | 74,256,027 |
| 1994 | 47,648,416 | 4,166,122 | 2,023,674 | 53,838,212 | 33,492,660 |
| 1995 | 48,292,850 | 4,272,012 | 3,201,077 | 55,765,939 | 73,648,519 |
| 1996 | 49,129,165 | 4,801,526 | 2,641,093 | 56,571,784 | 95;660,876 |
| $1997{ }^{7}$ | \$ 52,784,251 | \$ 5,277,669 | \$ 3,134,744 | \$ 61,196,664 | \$ 129,740,029 |

[^13]
## GASB DISCLOSURE

Actuarial Accrued Liability Prioritized Solvency Test Restated to Actuarial Asset Values for GASB No. 25

The prioritized solvency test is another means of checking a system's progress under its funding program, based on the Actuarial Accrued Liability. In this test the plan's present assets (cash and investments) are compared with obligations in order of priority: (1) active member contributions on deposit; (2) the present value of future benefits to present retired lives; (3) the Actuarial Accrued Liability for present active members. In a system that has been following the discipline of financing, the obligation for active member contributions on deposit (present value 1) and the present value of future benefits to present retired lives (present value 2) will be fully covered by present assets (except in rare circumstances). In addition, the Actuarial Accrued Liability for present active members (present value 3 ) will be partially covered by the remainder of present assets. Generally, if the system has been following a system of amortizing the Unfunded Liability, the funded portion of present value (3) will increase over time.

## Actuarial Accrued Liability Prioritized Solvency Test Restated to Actuarial Asset Values for GASB No. 25

| Valuation Date Dec. 31 | (1) <br> Active Member Contributions | (2) <br> Retirees and Beneficiaries |  | (3) ctive Members ER Financed Portion) |  | Actuarial Asset Values for GASB ${ }^{\text {c }}$ |  | \%) of Prese red by Ass | $t$ Value ts. <br> (3) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1985 a,b | \$ 94,516,563 | \$ 113,743,284 | \$ | 287,585,127 | \$ | 425,851,845 | 100.00\% | 100.00\% | 75.70\% |
| 1986 a,b | 122,432,246 | 179,881,434 |  | 205,671,168 |  | 517,040,712 | 100.00\% | 100.00\% | 100.00\% |
| 1987 a, b | 126,554,299 | 215,483,599 |  | 241,246,128 |  | 571,065,219 | 100.00\% | 100.00\% | 94.90\% |
| 1988 | 133,793,756 | 229,024,543 |  | 241,622,362 |  | 606,321,849 | 100.00\% | 100.00\% | 100.00\% |
| 1989 a,b | 143,445,325 | 241,519,125 |  | 248,930,090 |  | 671,449,305 | 100.00\% | 100.00\% | 100.00\% |
| $1990{ }^{\text {a,b }}$ | 150,398,932 | 271,401,625 |  | 294,804,047 |  | 705,841,707 | 100.00\% | 100.00\% | 96.30\% |
| 1991 b | 156,649,525 | 291,757,778 |  | 312,649,299 |  | 772,520,978 | 100.00\% | 100.00\% | 100.00\% |
| 1992 | 161,298,914 | 311,642,762 |  | 304,443,486 |  | 844,916,889 | 100.00\% | 100.00\% | 100.00\% |
| 1993 b | 152,059,845 | 403,591,438 |  | 291,642,162 |  | 937,094,502 | 100.00\% | 100.00\% | 100.00\% |
| 1994 | 166,182,247 | 395,721,090 |  | 304,589,872 |  | 960,327,842 | 100.00\% | 100.00\% | 100.00\% |
| $1995{ }^{\text {b }}$ | 175,400,781 | 401,047,985 |  | 313,926,621 |  | 1,063,261,239 | 100.00\% | 100.00\% | 100.00\% |
| 1996 | 187,040,430 | 405,010,948 |  | 344,572,341 |  | 1,172,316,925 | 100.00\% | 100.00\% | 100.00\% |
| $1997{ }^{\text {a, b }}$ | \$199,007,766 | \$ 455,856,814 | \$ | 385,785,954 |  | 1,328,085,799 | 100.00\% | 100.00\% | 100.00\% |

[^14]
## Actuarial Asset Calculation Method

The Investment Asset Value is valued at cost times the average ratio of the market to cost for the current year and the prior four years. Cash and Cash equivalents are valued at market value for the total actuarial assets, while all other assets are valued at market value.

| Year | Invested Assets <br> Book Market |  | Ratio | 5-Year Other Assets (Including Cash \& Equivalents)Average |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1983 | \$ 302,037,653 | \$ 317,391,059 | 1.050833 | 0.952121 | \$ | 19,366,426 | \$ | 19,366,426 |
| 1984 | 334,880,492 | 346,678,153 | 1.035229 | 0.980330 |  | 21,928,619 |  | 21,928,619 |
| 1985 | 399,372,114 | 436,253,673 | 1.092349 | 1.013265 |  | 21,182,059 |  | 21,182,059 |
| 1986 | 467,263,563 | 500,210,957 | 1.070511 | 1.059148 |  | 22,139,443 |  | 22,139,443 |
| 1987 | 527,622,835 | 516,875,715 | 0.979631 | 1.045711 |  | 19,324,217 |  | 19,324,217 |
| 1988 | 567,787,313 | 573,994,403 | 1.010932 | 1.037730 |  | 17,111,921 |  | 17,111,921 |
| 1989 | 550,369,896 | 591,525,222 | 1.074778 | 1.045640 |  | 95,943,547 |  | 95,960,527 |
| 1990 | 608,259,812 | 619,281,491 | 1.018120 | 1.030794 |  | 78,843,394 |  | 78,851,142 |
| 1991 | 636,021,563 | 714,240,017 | 1.122981 | 1.041288 |  | 110,239,357 |  | 110,239,357 |
| 1992 | 706,524,926 : | 782,655,419 | 1.107753 | 1.066913 |  | 91,116,260 |  | 91,116,260 |
| 1993 | 785,433,810 | 857,229,837 | 1.091409 | 1.083008 |  | 86,463,403 |  | 86,463,403 |
| 1994 | 777,073,849 | 787,228,647 | 1.013068 | 1.070666 |  | 128,316,025 |  | 128,341,293 |
| 1995 | 882,284,158 | 1,007,646,707 | 1.142089 | 1.095460 |  | 96,754,235 |  | 96,754,235 |
| 1996 | 990,690,164 | 1,127,759,026 | 1.138357 | 1.098535 |  | 84,009,105 |  | 84,009,105 |
| 1997 | \$1,089,108,614 | \$1,288,120,360 | 1.182729 | 1.113530 | \$ | 115,330,683 | \$ | 115,330,683 |


| Year | Total Assets at Book |  | Total Assets at Market |  | Total Actuarial Asset Value |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1983 | \$ | 321,404,079 | \$ | 336,757,485 | \$ | 306,942,818 |
| 1984 |  | 356,809,111 |  | 368,606,772 |  | 350,222,012 |
| 1985 |  | 420,554,173 |  | 457,435,732 |  | 425,851,845 |
| 1986 |  | 489,403,006 |  | 522,350,400 |  | 517,040,712 |
| 1987 |  | 546,947,052 |  | 536,199,932 |  | 571,065,219 |
| 1988 |  | 584,899,234 |  | 591,106,324 |  | 606,321,849 |
| 1989 |  | 646,313,443 |  | 687,485,749 |  | 671,449,305 |
| 1990 |  | 687,103,206 |  | 698,132,633 |  | 705,841,707 |
| 1991 |  | 746,260,920 |  | 824,479,374 |  | 772,520,978 |
| 1992 |  | 797,641,186 |  | 873,771,679 |  | 844,916,889 |
| 1993 |  | 871,897,213 |  | 943,693,240 |  | 937,094,502 |
| 1994 |  | 905,389,874 |  | 915,569,940 |  | 960,327,842 |
| 1995 |  | 979,038,393 |  | 1,104,400,942 |  | 1,063,261,239 |
| 1996 |  | 1,074,699,269 |  | 1,211,768,131 |  | 1,172,316,925 |
| 1997 | \$ | 1,204,439,298 | \$ | 1,403,451,043 | \$ | 1,328,085,799 |

## GASB DISCLOSURE

## Reconciliation of Assets -- December 31, 1997

|  | Market |  | GASB |  | Book |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Additions: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Contributions: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Employer * | \$ | 19,301,395 | \$ | 19,301,395 | \$ | 19,301,395 |
| Plan Member |  | 15,332,207 |  | 15,332,207 |  | 15,332,207 |
| Total Contributions |  | 34,633,602 |  | 34,633,602 |  | 34,633,602 |
| Investment Income: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest |  | 43,178,966 |  | 43,178,966 |  | 43,178,966 |
| Dividends |  | 8,115,866 |  | 8,115,866 |  | 8,115,866 |
| Venture Capital Income, net |  | 83,415 |  | 83,415 |  | 83,415 |
| Real Estate Operating Income, net |  | 3,743,786 |  | 3,743,786 |  | 3,743,786 |
| Amortization |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 1,446,706 |
| Net Appreciation |  | 162,331,191 |  | 126,417,153 |  | 98,941,602 |
| Total Investment Income |  | 217,453,224 |  | 181,539,186 |  | 155,510,341 |
| Less: Investment Expenses |  | $(3,638,954)$ |  | $(3,638,954)$ |  | $(3,638,954)$ |
| Net Investment Income |  | 213,814,270 |  | 177,900,232 |  | 151,871,387 |
| From Securities Lending Activities |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Securities Lending Income |  | 16,399,817 |  | 16,399,817 |  | 16,399,817 |
| Securities Lending Expenses: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Borrower Rebates |  | $(15,634,653)$ |  | $(15,634,653)$ |  | $(15,634,653)$ |
| Management Fees |  | $(229,629)$ |  | $(229,629)$ |  | $(229,629)$ |
| Net Securities Lending Expenses |  | $(15,864,282)$ |  | $(15,864,282)$ |  | $(15,864,282)$ |
| Total Securities Lending Income ** |  | 535,535 |  | 535,535 |  | 535,535 |
| Miscellaneous |  | 27,586 |  | 27,586 |  | 27,586 |
| Total Additions: |  | 249,010,993 |  | 213,096,955 |  | 187,068,110 |
| Deductions: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Benefits: |  | 52,784,251 |  | 52,784,251 |  | 52,784,251 |
| Refunds of contributions |  | 3,134,744 |  | 3,134,744 |  | 3,134,744 |
| Administrative Expenses |  | 1,409,086 |  | 1,409,086 |  | 1,409,086 |
| Total Deductions |  | 57,328,081 |  | 57,328,081 |  | 57,328,081 |
| Net Increase (Decrease) | \$ | 191,682,912 | \$ | 155,768,874 | \$ | 129,740,029 |
| Net assets: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Beginning of year |  | 1,211,768,131 | \$ | 1,172,316,925 |  | 1,074,699,269 |
| End of Year |  | \$ 1,403,451,043 |  | 1,328,085,799 |  | 1,204,439,298 |

[^15]NET PENSION OBLIGATION


1 GASB 27 states that employers should have all necessary information to calculate NPO beginning after the effective date of GASB 5, December 15, 1986. NPO calculations begin for first statement year following that effective date.

| Wy. Ending | Annual Pension Cost Percentage of APC Net Pension ObligationAPC) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1997 | \$ | 0 | N/A | \$ | $(156,765,971)$ |
| 1996 |  | 0 | N/A |  | $(136,709,699)$ |
| 1995 |  | 0 | N/A |  | $(109,693,214)$ |

For 1998, changes were made to actuarial assumptions, employee benefits, and the method of valuation of assets.

## GASB DISCLOSURE

## NET PENSION OBLIGATION

|  | 1991 |  | 1992 |  | 1993 |  | 1994 |  | 1995 |  | 1996 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 8.00 \% \\ 40 \\ \text { EAN } \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 8.00 \% \\ 40 \\ \text { EAN } \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 8.00 \% \\ 40 \\ \text { EAN } \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 8.00 \% \\ 40 \\ \text { EAN } \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 8.00 \% \\ 40 \\ \text { EAN } \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 8.00 \% \\ 40 \\ \text { EAN } \end{gathered}$ |
| \$ | $\begin{array}{r} 20,777,427 \\ 868,508 \end{array}$ | \$ | $\begin{array}{r} 21,637,649 \\ (925,113) \end{array}$ | \$ | $\begin{aligned} & 20,261,167 \\ & (5,449,447) \end{aligned}$ | \$ | $\begin{aligned} & 21,316,661 \\ & (7,246,462) \end{aligned}$ | \$ | $\begin{array}{r} 20,451,183 \\ (7,571,950) \end{array}$ | \$ | $\begin{array}{r} 21,340,898 \\ (13,950,958) \end{array}$ |
|  | 21,645,935 |  | 20,712,536 |  | 14,811,720 |  | 14,070,199 |  | 12,879,233 |  | 7,389,940 |
|  | $(2,998,697)$ |  | $(3,639,511)$ |  | $(4,348,031)$ |  | $(5,806,534)$ |  | $(7,176,840)$ |  | $(8,775,457)$ |
|  | 3,023,982 |  | 3,670,199 |  | 4,384,694 |  | 5,855,495 |  | 7,237,356 |  | 8,849,453 |
|  | 21,671,220 |  | 20,743,224 |  | 14,848,383 |  | 14,119,160 |  | 12,939,749 |  | 7,463,935 |
|  | 15,989,678 |  | 16,574,721 |  | 17,734,532 |  | 16,954,732 |  | 18,311,622 |  | 19,623,717 |
|  | 13,691,711 |  | 13,025,003 |  | 15,345,146 |  | 14,293,250 |  | 14,610,842 |  | 14,856,703 |
| 29,681,389 |  |  | 29,599,724 |  | 33,079,678 |  | 31,247,982 |  | 32,922,464 |  | 34,480,420 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | i |
| - | $(37,483,714)$ |  | $(45,493,882)$ |  | $(54,350,382)$ |  | (72,581,677) |  | $(89,710,499)$ |  | (109; 693,214) |
|  | 21,671,220 |  | 20,743,224 |  | 14,848,383 |  | 14,119,160 |  | 12,939,749 |  | 7,463,935 |
|  | 29,681,389 |  | 29,599,724 |  | 33,079,678 |  | 31,247,982 |  | 32,922,464 |  | 34,480,420 |
| \$ | $(45,493,882)$ | \$ | (54,350,382) | \$ | (72,581,677) | \$ | (89,710,499) |  | (109,693,214) | \$ | $(136,709,699)$ |


| Net Pension Obligation (NPO) | (1997 Expected |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Annual Required Contribution | $\$$ | 0 |
| Interest on Net Pension Obligation | $(10,936,776)$ |  |
| Adjustment to Annual Required Contribution * | $10,936,776$ |  |
| Annual Pension Cost | 0 |  |
| Contributions made |  |  |
| Increase (decrease) in Net Pension Obligation | $20,056,272$ |  |
| Net Pension Obligation - beginning of year | $(20,056,272)$ |  |
| Net Pension Obligation - end of year | $(136,709,699)$ |  |

[^16]
## History of Retirees and Beneficiaries Added to \& Removed from Benefit Payroll

|  |  | d to Payroll <br> Ann. Ben. | Rem No: | oved from <br> Payroll <br> Amn. Benefits |  | End of Year <br> Ann. Bencfits |  | verage Annual Benefits | Increase to Ayg. Benefits |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 | 182 | \$ 1,233,344 | 176 | \$ 457,708 | 2,475 | \$ 10,698,716 | \$ | 4,323 | 7.60\% |
| 1983 | 174 | 1,308,499 | 230 | 483,759 | 2,419 | 11,523,456 |  | 4,764 | 10.20\% |
| 1984 | 223 | 2,057,564 | 173 | 484,160 | 2,469 | 13,096,860 |  | 5,305 | 11.40\% |
| 1985 | 170 | 1,829,800 | 220 | 759,172 | 2,419 | 14,167,488 |  | 5,857 | 10.40\% |
| 1986 | 248 | 3,008,908 | 180 | 465,898 | 2,487 | 16,710,498 |  | 6,719 | 14.70\% |
| 1987 | 190 | 3,546,317 | 179 | 463,252 | 2,498 | 19,793,563 |  | 7,924 | 17.90\% |
| 1988 | 154 | 2,009,373 | 158 | 589,873 | 2,494 | 21,213,063 |  | 8,506 | 7.30\% |
| 1989 | 133 | 1,660,782 | 151 | 527,914 | 2,476 | 22,345,931 |  | 9,025 | 6.10\% |
| 1990 | 157 | 3,080,832 | 152 | 531,392 | 2,481 | 24,895,371 |  | 10,034 | 11.20\% |
| 1991 | 170 | 2,795,428 | 150 | 688,716 | 2,501 | 27,002,083 |  | 10,797 | 7.60\% |
| 1992 | 188 | 3,197,921 | 155 | 867,514 | 2,534 | 29,332,490 |  | 11,576 | 7.20\% |
| 1993 | 439 | 9,572,020 | 171 | 1,062,719 | 2,802 | 37,841,791 |  | 13,505 | 16.70\% |
| 1994 | 52 | 1,676,720 | 174 | 1,866,066 | 2,680 | 37,652,445 |  | 14,049 | 4.00\% |
| 1995 | 106 | 3,056,851 | 186 | 2,264,327 | 2,600 | 38,444,969 |  | 14,787 | 5.20\% |
| 1996 | 91 | 2,762,022 | 154 | 1,972,620 | 2,537 | 39,234,371 |  | 15,465 | 4.60\% |
| 1997 | 84 | \$ 3,589,997 | 164 | \$1,981,409 | 2,457 | \$ 40,842,959 | + | 16,623 | 7.50\% |
| Wive Widow/Widower Annuitants (Not Including Compensation) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 | 94 | \$ 236,034 | 72 | \$ 77,159 | 1,186 | \$ 1,927,743 | \$ | 1,625 | 7.00\% |
| 1983 | 104 | 288,113 | 79 | 87,119 | 1,211 | 2,128,737 |  | 1,758 | 8.10\% |
| 1984 | 81 | 250,957 | 64 | 74,700 | 1,228 | 2,304,994 |  | 1,877 | 6.80\% |
| 1985 | 95 | 307,723 | 113 | 150,198 | 1,210 | 2,462,519 |  | 2,035 | 8.40\% |
| 1986 | 83 | 240,415 | 67 | 92,512 | 1,226 | 2,610,422 |  | 2,129 | 4.60\% |
| 1987 | 90 | 1,140,315 | 76 | 104,939 | 1,240 | 3,645,798 |  | 2,940 | 38.10\% |
| 1988 | 84 | 323,567 | 59 | 148,700 | 1,265 | 3,820,665 |  | 3,020 | 2.70\% |
| 1989 | 88 | 367,359 | 58 | 148,734 | 1,295 | 4,039,290 |  | 3,119 | 3.30\% |
| 1990 | 87 | 1,419,786 | 65 | 166,685 | 1,317 | 5,292,391 |  | 4,019 | 28.80\% |
| 1991 | 89 | 472,698 | 71 | 262,135 | 1,335 | 5,502,954 |  | 4,122 | 2.60\% |
| 1992 | 87 | 490,172 | 63 | 249,698 | 1,359 | 5,743,428 |  | 4,226 | 2.50\% |
| 1993 | 95 | 548,635 | 56 | 214,308 | 1,398 | 6,077,755 |  | 4,347 | 2.90\% |
| 1994 | 71 | 446,490 | 66 | 259,554 | 1,403 | 6,264,691 |  | 4,465 | 2.70\% |
| 1995 | 88 | 586,632 | 64 | 264,921 | 1,427 | 6,586,402 |  | 4,616 | 3.40\% |
| 1996 | 77 | 549,825 | 87 | 358,563 | 1,417 | 6,777,664 |  | 4,783 | 3.60\% |
| 1997 | 83 | \$ 3,034,013 | 87 | \$ 372,443 | 1,413 | \$. 9,439,234 | \$ | 6,680 | 39.70\% |

Method: The actuarial funding method used is the entry age normal method which reflects actuarial gains and losses immediately in the unfunded liability.

This cost method assigns to each year of employment a constant percentage of an employee's salary, called the current service cost (sometimes referred to as normal cost), sufficient to accumulate the necessary funds to provide for the full prospective costs of the employee's projected retirement pension. The amount of pension must be estimated using various assumptions as to future compensation levels, employee turnover, mortality, and pension fund earnings, since the actual pension can be known only at the time of retirement. These are called actuarial assumptions.

It should be emphasized that the actuarial assumptions do not directly affect the cost of the pension plan. Benefits are fixed by statute and will become payable as various members and their dependents satisfy the contingencies covered. The actual cost of the plan can only be determined after all benefits have been paid and is equal to the total benefits paid, plus total administrative expenses, minus total investment income.

The actuarial accrued liability of the fund at any point in time is the accumulated value of all current service costs that should have been paid up at that time for active employees plus the full prospective cost of pensions for all retired employees. The extent that the actual plan assets are less than the accrued liability is called the unfunded liability. The unfunded liability may be positive (actuarial accrued liability greater than the actuarial value of the assets) or negative (actuarial accrued liability less than the value of assets, or funding excess). The term unfunded actuarial liability refers to either situation.

An amount of money is required each year to keep the unfunded liability from increasing if all assumptions are realized. This amount is called interest only on the unfunded liability.

The required total annual required contribution to the fund is equal to the current service costs plus a 40 year level dollar amortization of the unfunded liability. The old funding policy of interest only has been strengthened. It was often referred to as the middle of the road method. It evolved over the years and seeks to satisfy the ideologies of all interested groups, including opinions often expressed by the Civic Federation. Under the new GASB No. 25 standard, a 40 year level dollar amount is provided for amortization of the unfunded liability.

Reserves for employees' retirement annuities, spouses' retirement annuities, and death benefit annuities and health insurance are valued on the entry age normal method. Grouped ages of entry, 22, 27, 32, $37,42,47,52,57,62$ and 67 , are used.

The costs for the following items are valued on an actuarial cost basis. No reserves are set up, as these items tend to stabilize on a cash basis. The statutory accounting requires that these items be subtracted from the tax levy before other allocations are made.

1. Duty disability benefits
2. Ordinary disability benefits
3. Children's annuities
4. Refunds, including refunds for no spouse
5. Expense of administration (net of investment expense)

Reserves are set up for duty and ordinary disability recipients as if they were in active service.

## Actuarial Assumptions

Actuarial assumptions are selected by the actuary, but the statute calls for certain reserves to be computed with specified assumptions.

## Mortality

Active members, present and future retired members and spouses: 1983 GAM mortality table set forward two years. This mortality assumption was adopted in 1997. A history of the mortality experience is shown in Exhibit Y.

Interest: 8\% a year (net of investment expense), compounded annually. Exhibit Q details the investment yields the Fund actually realized over the past few years. This assumption, adopted in 1989, contains a $3 \%$ inflation assumption and a $5 \%$ real rate of return assumption. A history of the investment experience is also shown in Exhibit Q.

Interest earnings over the assumed rated can be used to reduce losses that may result from variations in other cost factors, such as increased costs resulting from salary increases greater than the assumed rate.

It must be realized that the interest assumption is a long-range assumption; it must cover a period as long as perhaps 50 years, which would be the period of time, for example, that the youngest employee in the Fund will work before retiring on pension for the rest of his or her life. There is no guarantee that current interest rates will continue over this period.

Salary Increase: 5\% a year, compounded annually. Exhibit M details the annual increase in the average salary over the past years. The salary assumption, adopted in 1997, includes a $3 \%$ inflation assumption and $2 \%$ merit and longevity assumptions.

It should be remembered that pensions are based directly upon salary. It is believed that if the recent pattern continues in the long-range future, the salary scale assumption will need to be adjusted.

Increased costs will necessarily result, with the extent of the increase in cost depending on the extent of the increase in salary over the assumed time period.

Rates of Retirement: The rates of retirement used in this valuation are shown in Exhibit X , and are grouped by age of entrance into the service and are based on 1985, 1986, and 1987 experience of this Fund for males and on experience of the Municipal Fund for females. These rates have been adjusted to reflect anticipated earlier retirements for employees under age 60 with at least 30 years of service.

## Average Ages of Retirement

| Yearwise |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1980 | 65.4 |
| 1981 | 64.9 |
| 1982 | 64.6 |
| 1983 | 65.3 |
| 1984 | 65.9 |
| 1985 | 64.8 |
| 1986 | 64.9 |
| 1987 | 65.0 |
| 1988 | 65.0 |
| 1989 | 64.7 |
| 1990 | 64.6 |
| 1991 | 64.2 |
| 1992 | 65.2 |
| 1993 | 63.6 |
| 1994 | 63.3 |
| 1995 | 64.0 |
| 1996 | 61.4 |
| 1997 | 62.6 |

Expected Average Age of Retirement

| Present Membership | 59.57 |
| :--- | :--- |
| New Hires | 61.14 |

Rates of Termination: These rates are shown in Exhibit $X$, and are based on the experience of the Fund.

## SUMMARY OF ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

Percent Married: It is assumed that about $85 \%$ of the participants are married at the time a spouse's annuity becomes available.

Active Membership: It is assumed that the active membership will remain at the present level and that the average age of entrance into the service will be about the same in the future as it has been. The actuarial costs are based on the present group. If future entrants to the Fund are older than the present group, then costs will tend to increase. Conversely, if new entrants are younger, then costs will tend to decrease.

Age of Spouse: The spouse of a male employee is assumed four years younger; the spouse of a female employee is assumed four years older.

Asset Value: GASB No. 25 requires a market related actuarial asset value. A 5 year average smoothed market value was used. For Insurance Department purposes, the bonds are amortized value; stocks are at cost; real estate separate accounts are at adjusted cost. Market value is shown for information only.

Reciprocal Benefits: Active life normal costs and reserves are loaded $2 \%$.
Loss on Tax Levy: 4\% overall loss on tax levy is assumed.
Group Health Insurance Premiums: It is assumed for valuation purposes that the current health insurance supplement will continue for life for all employee annuitants (and their future widow/widowers). The amount of the Fund paid health insurance from January 1, 1993 until June 30, 2002 is $\$ 75.00$ per month for each annuitant (employees and widow/widowers) not qualified to receive Medicare benefits (and $\$ 45.00$ if qualified). It is assumed that all annuitants age 65 or over will be eligible for Medicare and all annuitants less than age 65 will not be eligible for Medicare. Future widow/widowers of retirees are assumed to be eligible for Medicare. All active employees upon their retirement and their widow/widowers upon employee's death are assumed to receive the health care supplement.

Ultimate Required Multiple: Is computed using the actuarial requirement less expected employee contributions (increased to adjust for the loss on the tax levy), divided by the expected employee contributions computed two years prior (using the actuarial salary scale). If the actual contributions had been used, the result would be somewhat different. The method used approximates a steady condition of uniformly increasing salaries.

It is calculated for 1998 that no multiple will be needed, as employee contributions will be more than sufficient to cover the obligations of this Fund.

Rates of Retirement

|  |  |  |  | Entry Ages - Male |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Age | 22 | 27 | 32 | 37 | 42 | 47 | 52 | 57 | 62 | 67 |
| 55 | 0.30 | 0.03 | 0.01 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 56 | 0.30 | 0.04 | 0.01 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 57 | 0.30 | 0.30 | 0.02 | 0.07 | 0.01 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 58 | 0.30 | 0.20 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.01 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 59 | 0.35 | 0.20 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.01 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 60 | 0.50 | 0.20 | 0.09 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.02 |  |  |
| 61 | 0.50 | 0.22 | 0.09 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.05 |  |  |
| 62 | 0.50 | 0.25 | 0.15 | 0.33 | 0.07 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.10 |  |  |
| 63 | 0.75 | 0.30 | 0.24 | 0.40 | 0.09 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.10 | 0.02 |  |
| 64 | 0.75 | 0.35 | 0.28 | 0.45 | 0.11 | 0.06 | 0.05 | 0.15 | 0.05 |  |
| 65 | 1.00 | 0.50 | 0.40 | 0.65 | 0.08 | 0.08 | 0.30 | 0.20 | 0.10 |  |
| 66 |  | 0.75 | 0.45 | 0.65 | 0.42 | 0.13 | 0.15 | 0.20 | 0.15 |  |
| 67 |  | 1.00 | 0.50 | 0.70 | 0.46 | 0.22 | 0.20 | 0.50 | 0.20 |  |
| 68 |  |  | 0.75 | 0.75 | 0.50 | 0.50 | 0.50 | 0.50 | 0.50 |  |
| 69 |  |  | 0.75 | 0.75 | 0.75 | 0.75 | 0.75 | 0.75 | 0.75 |  |
| 70 |  |  | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
|  |  | $4$ | $54$ | Entry | Ages | emale |  |  |  | $4$ |
| 55 | 0.25 | 0.05 | 0.04 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 56 | 0.25 | 0.07 | 0.04 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 57 | 0.35 | 0.30 | 0.05 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |  |  |  |
| 58 | 0.10 | 0.20 | 0.06 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |  |  |  |
| 59 | 0.25 | 0.20 | 0.08 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 0.01 |  |  |  |  |
| 60 | 0.40 | 0.28 | 0.12 | 0.10 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.02 |  |  |
| 61 | 0.50 | 0.30 | 0.15 | 0.13 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.03 |  |  |
| 62 | 0.50 | 0.33 | 0.30 | 0.14 | 0.08 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.03 |  |  |
| 63 | 0.75 | 0.50 | 0.33 | 0.15 | 0.09 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.02 |  |
| 64 | 0.75 | 0.50 | 0.22 | 0.15 | 0.10 | 0.03 | 0.05 | 0.04 | 0.04 |  |
| 65 | 1.00 | 0.75 | 0.24 | 0.42 | 0.25 | 0.13 | 0.05 | 0.06 | 0.15 |  |
| 66 |  | 0.75 | 0.27 | 0.20 | 0.27 | 0.15 | 0.06 | 0.08 | 0.18 |  |
| 67 |  | 1.00 | 0.30 | 0.30 | 0.33 | 0.25 | 0.07 | 0.12 | 0.22 |  |
| 68 |  |  | 0.50 | 0.50 | 0.50 | 0.50 | 0.50 | 0.50 | 0.50 |  |
| 69 |  |  | 0.75 | 0.75 | 0.75 | 0.75 | 0.75 | 0.75 | 0.75 |  |
| 70 |  |  | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |

Expected Average Age of Retirement
Present Membership
60.57
New Hires
62.15

## Rates of Termination

Age at Entrance



A history of the withdrawal experience is shown in Exhibit $Y$.

The actuarial assumptions for retirement, withdrawal, and pre-retirement mortality determine when and if a benefit is expected to be paid. The post-retirement mortality determines how long the benefit is expected to be paid. Once the actives enter service, there is a probability that they will not be in the work force at the end of each year because of withdrawal, retirement, or death, at which time they may be eligible for a benefit to be paid. The withdrawal and retirement rates for the Laborers' Fund have been based on past experience of this Fund with adjustments for expected changes in the future. The pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality are based on a published table, the 1983 GAM set forward two years (adopted in 1997), and not on the experience of this Fund. The actual experience of the Fund is compared to the expected experience of the Fund each year and changes in the rates or tables are made when the future expectations differ from the expectations using the current rates.


[^17]
## ACTUARIAL EXPERIENCE

Attained Age at Retirement, 1997

Age at Entrance - Male

| Age | 22 | 27 | 32 |  | 42 |  |  | 57 | 62. |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 51 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 52 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 53 |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 54 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| 55 | 5 | 2 | 5 | 2 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  | 15 |
| 56 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 57 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| 58 |  | 1 |  | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 |
| 59 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |
| 60 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  | 4 |
| 61 |  |  | 2 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  | 4 |
| 62 | 1 | 1 | 3 |  | 4 | 1 |  |  |  |  | 10 |
| 63 |  |  |  | 1 | 2 |  | 1 |  |  |  | 4 |
| 64 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  | 2 |
| 65 |  | 2 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  | 9 |
| 66 |  |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |
| 67 |  |  |  |  | 1 | 2 |  |  |  |  | 3 |
| 68 |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| 69 |  |  | 1 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  | 2 |
| 70 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  | 2 |
| Total | 10 | 8 |  |  | 15 | 5 | 4 | 1 | 0. | 0 | 66 |

Age at Entrance - Female

| Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 51 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 52 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 53 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 54 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 55 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 56 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 57 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |
| 58 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 59 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| 60 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 61 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 62 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| 63 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| 64 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 65 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 66 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 67 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 68 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 69 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 70 |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| Total | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 |

## IMPACT STATEMENT

| Fund | Laborers' |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Annual Payroll | \$ 171,175,944 |  |  |
| Active Members | 3,876 |  |  |
| Valuation Date | December 31, 1997 |  |  |
|  | Present Plan |  |  |
| (1) Accrued Pension Liability | \$ 1,040,650,534 |  |  |
| (2) Present GASB Assets | 1,328,085,799 |  |  |
| (3) Unfunded Liability (Surplus) $=(1)-(2)$ | \$ $(287,435,265)$ |  |  |
| (4) Funded Ratio $=(2) /(1)$ | 127.62\% |  |  |
| Direction of Financial Condition |  | Per Active | ercent of Salary |
| (5) Minimum Recommended Annual Contribution | \$ 0 |  | 0\% |
| (6) Estimated Annual Employer Contribution | 18,971,520 | 4,895 | 11.08\% |
| (7) Estimated Annual Employee Contribution | 15,405,835 | 3,975 | 9.00\% |
| (8) Deficiency (Excess) in Annual Contributions $=(5)-(6)-(7)$ | \$ $(34,377,355)$ | \$ $(8,869)$ | (20.08)\% |

## Participant

Person employed by the City in a position classified as labor service of the employer, any person employed by the Board, any person employed by the Retirement Board of any other Annuity and Benefit Fund which is in operation for the employer.

## Service

For all purposes except minimum annuity and ordinary disability credit, service in four months in any calendar year constitutes one year of service credit.

For minimum annuity, one half-year credit is given for one complete month of service and a full year credit is given for one complete month of service plus service in at least 5 other months. For Ordinary Disability credit, the exact number of days, months and years is used.

## Retirement Annuity

Money Purchase Formula: Maximum is $60 \%$ of highest salary. Applies in cases where an employee is age 55 or more and has over 10 years of service. If employee is age 55 to 60 with service less than 20 years, the annuity is based on all employee deductions plus $1 / 10$ of the City contributions for each year over 10 . In the case of withdrawal before age 55 and application after age 55, the annuity is based on employee deductions plus $1 / 10$ of the City contributions for each year over 10, with interest to date of application or age 55 , whichever is later. The age factor for age 55 is used.

The annuity is based on all employee deductions and City contributions in cases where the employee is: (a) age 55 to 60 with 20 or more years of service; (b) age 60 or over; (c) resigning at the time of disability credit expiration.

Minimum Annuity Formula: Maximum is $75 \%$ of final average salary.
a. An employee age 55 or older withdrawing on or after July 1, 1990, with at least 20 years of service, or an employee age 50 or older withdrawing on or after June 27,1997 with at least 30 years of service, is qualified for an annuity equal to $2.2 \%$ for each year of service of the final average salary during the four highest consecutive years within the last 10 years of service prior to retirement. This annuity is discounted $0.25 \%$ for each month the employee is younger than 60 unless he has at least 25 years of service, 30 years of service if employee withdrew before June 27, 1997. Employee could also choose the old factors ( $1.8 \%, 2.0 \%, 2.2 \%$, 2.4\%) for each 10 years of service credit if it is to his benefit.
b. An employee who is at least age 65 with 15 or more years of service is qualified for an annuity equal to $1 \%$ for each year of service multiplied by the final average salary added to the sum of $\$ 25$ for each year of service.
c. The employee will receive a minimum annuity of $\$ 550$ per month if the employee retires at age 60 or more with at least 10 years of service on or after June 27, 1997.

Reversionary Annuity: An employee may elect to reduce his or her annuity by an amount less than or equal to $\$ 200$ to provide a reversionary annuity for a spouse, parent, child, brother, or sister, to begin upon the employee's death. The election must be made before retirement and have been in effect 2 years prior to death. The death of the employee before retirement voids this election. The reversionary annuity cannot exceed $80 \%$ of the employee's reduced annuity. If the employee resigns after June 30,1983 , the $3 \%$ automatic annual increase in annuity will be computed on the original, not the reduced annuity; if the beneficiary dies before the employee annuitant, the full annuity is restored for annuities granted after June 30, 1983. The amount of the monthly reversionary annuity is determined by multiplying the amount of the monthly reduction in the employee's annuity by a factor based on the age of the employee and the difference between the ages of the employee and the reversionary annuitant at the starting date of the employee's annuity.

## PLAN SUMMARY

Reciprocal Annuity: Under reciprocal retirement an employee can receive an annuity based on combined service credits in two or more governmental units in Illinois to whose pension funds he or she has contributed.

Automatic Increase in Annuity: An employee who is age 60 or more is entitled to receive $3 \%$ of the original annuity, such increase to begin in January of the year immediately following the year of the first anniversary of retirement. An employee who retires prior to age 60 will receive such increase beginning in January of the year following the year he attained age 60. Effective for retirements on or after January 1, 1987, the first increase shall begin upon the first annuity payment date following the first anniversary of retirement, or age 60 if later.

## Spouse Annuity (payable until remarriage)

Money Purchase Formula: When an employee retires, the spouse's annuity is fixed, based on employee deductions and City contributions made for spouses' annuity purposes and a joint life age factor. (If the employee is a female, these are deductions accumulated since October 1974.)

If the employee dies in service, the spouse's annuity is based on all sums accumulated to their credit.
For $3 \%$ annuities fixed on or after August 1, 1983, the "Combined Annuity Mortality Table" shall continue to be used; however, widows'/widowers' single life annuities and reversionary annuities shall be computed using the best factor (the factor producing the highest annuity), not depending upon sex.

Spouses' Minimum Annuity Formula: If the employee retires or dies in service before July 1, 1990 and is at least age 60 with 20 or more years of service, the spouse's annuity is equal to half the amount of annuity the employee was entitled to at the time of death, if death occurred before retirement, or was entitled to receive on the date of retirement, if the employee died after retirement. The spouse's annuity must then be discounted $.25 \%$ for each month that the spouse is under age 60 at the time the annuity is fixed.

If the employee retires or dies in service after July 1, 1990 and is at least age 55 with 20 or more years of service, or if the employee retires or dies in service on or after June 27,1997 and is at least age 50 with 30 or more years of service, the spouse's annuity is equal to half the amount of annuity the employee was entitled to at time of retirement or death in service. This annuity must then be discounted $.25 \%$ for each month the spouse is under age 55 at the time the employee retires or dies in service.

If the employees dies on or after June 27,1997 while receiving a retirement annuity, the spouse may choose an annuity of one half of the employees annuity at death, discounted for his/her age under 55 at the time of the employee's death.

In the case of the spouse of a female employee, the employee must have made contributions for her spouse for at least 20 years to qualify for the minimum annuity formula. Current female employees may elect to pay spouse contributions for their full service before October 1974.

The spouse will receive a minimum annuity of $\$ 500$ per month if employee retires with at least 10 years of service or dies in service with at least 5 years on or after June 27, 1997.

## Children's Annuity

Child's annuity is payable upon the death of the employee, either active or retired, if the child is unmarried, under age 18, born or in esse before his separation from service or legally adopted at least one year before child's annuity becomes payable. Annuity is $\$ 220$ per month while spouse of deceased employee is alive and $\$ 250$ per month if no spouse is alive. Except for duty death the deceased employee must have had 4 years of service or at least 2 years from latest re-entrance if he had previously resigned from service.

## Family Maximum

Non-Duty Death: $60 \%$ of final monthly salary.
Duty death: $70 \%$ of final monthly salary.

## Disabilities

Duty Disability Benefits: Any employee who becomes disabled as the result of injury incurred in the performance of any act of duty, shall have a right to receive duty disability benefit in the amount of $75 \%$ of salary at date of injury plus $\$ 10$ a month for each unmarried child (the issue of the employee) less than age 18 . Child's duty disability benefit is limited to $15 \%$ of the employee's salary as of date of injury. Duty disability benefits begin one day after the later of the last day worked and the last day paid.

If the disability has resulted from any mental disorder, physical defect or disease which existed at the time such injury was sustained, the duty disability benefit shall be $50 \%$ of salary at date of injury. Disablement because of heart attacks, strokes, or any disablement due to heart disease shall not be considered to be the result of an accident suffered in the performance of duty. However, the employee will receive service credit and the City will contribute salary deductions for annuity purposes if the employee is receiving Workers' Compensation.

Duty disability benefit is payable to age 65 if disability begins before age 60 . For an employee who begins disability on or after age 60 , disability will continue for 5 years or to age 70 , whichever occurs first. The age 70 limitation was removed beginning January 1, 1987. As of January 1, 1991, a duty disability benefit which continues for more than 5 years and which starts before the employee's age 60, will be increased by $10 \%$ on January 1 st of the sixth year.

The City contributes salary deductions for annuity purposes for the duty disability benefit. Such amounts contributed by the City after December 31, 1983, while the employee is receiving duty disability benefits, are not refundable to the employee and will be used for annuity purposes only.

Ordinary Disability Benefit: This benefit is granted for disability other than in performance of an act of duty and is $50 \%$ of salary as of last day worked less the sum ordinarily deducted from salary for annuity purposes. The first payment shall be made one month after the disablement occurs. Disability is payable until age 65 and limited to a maximum of $25 \%$ of employee's total service or 5 years, whichever occurs first if disability begins before age 60 . For an employee who begins disability on or after age 60, disability will continue for a period not greater than $25 \%$ of employee's total service, but no more than 5 years or age 70 , whichever occurs first. The age 70 limitation was removed beginning January 1, 1987.

## Group Health Hospital and Surgical Insurance Premiums

The pension fund may provide up to a maximum of $\$ 75$ per month for non-Medicare eligible annuitants (employees or widows, without regard to age or years of service) and up to $\$ 45$ per month for Medicare eligible annuitants until June 30, 2002.

## Refunds

To Employee: Upon separation from service, employee is entitled to all salary deductions plus interest if employee is under age 55. If over age 55 employee is eligible for refund if he has less than 10 years of service or would be eligible for temporary rather than life annuity. Effective January 14, 1991, employee may choose a refund in lieu of annuity if the calculated annuity would be less than $\$ 300$ per month.

Spouse's annuity deductions are payable to employee if not married when he retires.

## PLAN SUMMARY

To Spouse: In lieu of annuity if annuity would be temporary rather than life and spouse so chooses. Effective January 14,1991 , spouse may choose a refund in lieu of annuity if the calculated annuity would be less than $\$ 300$ per month.

Remaining Amounts: Amounts contributed by employee excluding $0.5 \%$ deductions for annuity increase, which have yet not been paid out as annuity, are refundable to his estate with interest to his retirement or death if he died in service.

## Deductions and Contributions

|  | Deductions | Contributions $^{1}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Employee | $6.5 \%$ | $6.0 \%$ |
| Spouse | 1.5 | 2.0 |
| Annuity Increase | $\underline{0.5}$ | $\underline{0.0}$ |
| Total | $8.5 \%$ | $8.0 \%$ |

## ${ }^{1}$ Financing

The City shall levy a tax annually equal to the total amount of contributions in the 2 years prior, multiplied by 1.370 for 1978 and each year thereafter.

## Tax Shelter of Employee Salary Deductions

Beginning January 1, 1982, the City employee salary deductions were designated for income tax purposes to be made by the employer. The W-2 salary is therefore reduced by the amount of contribution. For pension purposes the salary remains unchanged. Income tax will be paid when a refund or annuity is granted. For the purposes of benefits, refunds, or financing, these contributions are treated as employee contributions. Beginning September 1, 1981, Board of Education employee contributions were paid by the employer. The 1985 amendments contained a provision whereby the amount of pick-up, if any, is included in the pensionable salary for contributions and benefits. Such provision was retroactive to September 1, 1981.


## LABORERS'



## ASSETS AND LIABILITIES



Laborers'

## FUNDED RATIOS

(Book Values vs Actuarial Values)


## UNFUNDED LIABILITY Book vs Actuarial



## INCOME AND PAYOUTS



Laborers'
YIELDS ON TOTAL ASSETS


Assumptions vs. Salary Increase \& CPI Chicago


## RETIRED



ACtive

## Actuarial Present Value of Benefits

Laborers'

ASSETS

EXCESS
Actardriad ASSETS
ASSETS

SURPLUS
Actuarial Cost Method

## ACTUARIAL COST



Laborers'

## Change in the Unfunded Liability


$\square$ Salary $\square$ Invest $\square$ Contrib $\square$ Amend $\square$ Assum $\quad$ Misc $\rightarrow$ Total

## Employees by Age and Service



## Employees by Age and Service



HIGHEST AGE OF GROUP

## Annuitants by Age <br> Number of Annuitants



[^18]Annuitants by Age
Total Annual Payments



[^0]:    1 Investment income is not net of investment expense. Investment expense is included under outgo.
    21997 active participants does not include 300-400 seasonal employees.
    3 Invested assets listed after excluding Cash and Cash Equivalents

[^1]:    1 Investment income is not net of investment expense. Investment expense is included under outgo.
    1997 active participants does not include 300-400 seasonal employees.
    Invested assets listed after excluding Cash and Cash Equivalents

[^2]:    1 Investment income is not net of investment expense. Investment expense is included under outgo.
    21997 active par̃ticipants does not include 300-400 séasonal employees.
    3 Invested assets listed after excluding Cash and Cash Equivalents

[^3]:    ${ }^{1}$ Includes future employee annuity, future increase, and future widow/er benefits.

[^4]:    ${ }^{1}$ Net of Investment Expense.

[^5]:    ${ }^{1} 1997$ taxes of $\$ 16,895,000$ City and $\$ 4,300$ Park less $5 \%$ for loss of collection of $\$ 844,965$ plus replacement tax from State of $\$ 2,750,000$.

[^6]:    Includes "Pickup."

[^7]:    ${ }^{1}$ Includes compensation annuities, supplemental annuities, and Reciprocal Act reimbursements.

[^8]:    $\mathrm{i}=$ interest; $\mathrm{s}=$ salary; $\mathrm{r}=$ retirement; $\mathrm{w}=$ withdrawal; $\mathrm{d}=$ health insurance;
    $a=$ asset valuation method; $q=$ mortality.

[^9]:    ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Change in valuation assumptions
    ${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Change in benefits Quick ratio is defined as assets divided by the termination liability.

[^10]:    1 Includes miscellaneous income.

[^11]:    ${ }^{\mathrm{a}}$ Change in actuarial assumptions. ${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Change in benefits. All asset values restated.

[^12]:    ${ }^{1}$ Includes deductions in lieu for disability.
    2 Net tax levy and miscellaneous income. Includes prior year adjustnents for taxes beginning in 1991
    3 Includes realized net gain or loss on sale of assets. Unrealized appreciation has not been included.

[^13]:    ${ }_{5}^{4}$ Investment expense withheld from investments. Net securities lending included under investment income.
    5 Includes adjustments for payables and receivables after 1990.
    ${ }^{6}$ Does not include prior year adjustments for taxes for years before 1991.
    7 Does not include adjustments for payables and receivables after 1990.

[^14]:    ${ }^{a}$ Change in actuarial assumptions.
    ${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Change in benefits.
    c Change in asset valuation method for all years.
    Note: Active Members (ER Financed Portion) was based on credited projected value of benefits prior to 1997.

[^15]:    * Employer Contributions include City contributions of $\$ 18,804,335.00$, Net Change in Reserve for Loss and Collection of Taxes of $\$ 488,446.14$, and Interest on Real Estate of $\$ 8,613.66$. Miscellaneous income of $\$ 27,586.05$ is not included with Employer Contributions, but is listed separately.
    ** Total Securities Lending Income includes Security Lending Income less Borrower Rebates. (includes Manager Fees).

[^16]:    * In accordance with GASB statement number 27, for an employer that has no net pension obligation (this included an NPO that is a negative balance) the annual pension cost (APC) is equal to the annual required contribution (ARC).

[^17]:    ${ }^{1}$ New retirement rates.
    ${ }_{3}^{2}$ New mortality rates.
    ${ }^{3}$ Early Retirement Incentive.
    ${ }^{4}$ New mortality rates for 1998.

[^18]:    $\square$ SPOUSE CNT $\square R E T$ CNT

